



Programs and Research Available Through the SC Department of Archives & History

SEPTEMBER 18, 2025, PRESERVING HISTORIC CEMETERIES WORKSHOP

PATRICK MCCAWLEY, DIRECTOR OF ARCHIVES AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT

ELIZABETH JOHNSON, DIRECTOR OF HISTORICAL SERVICES



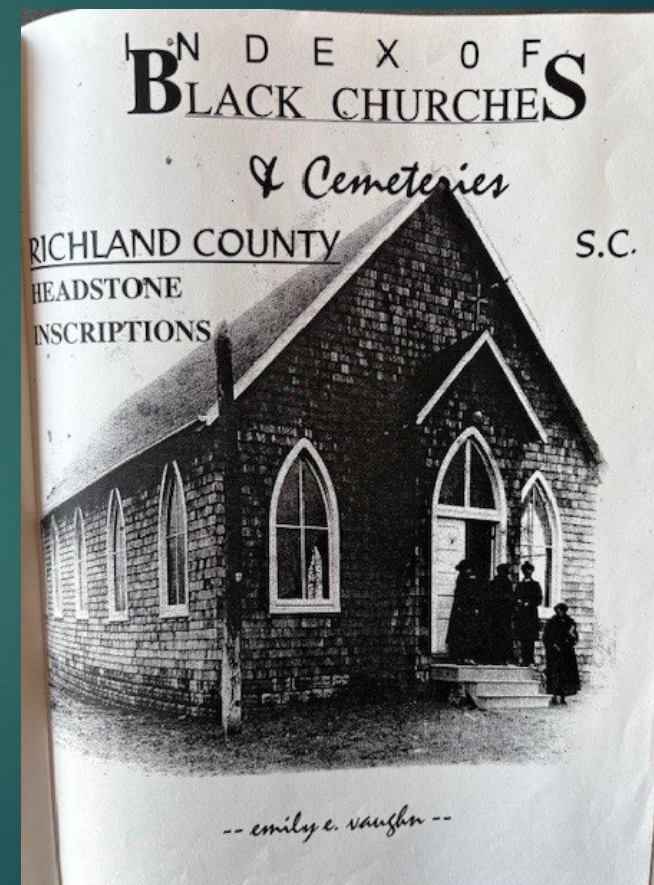
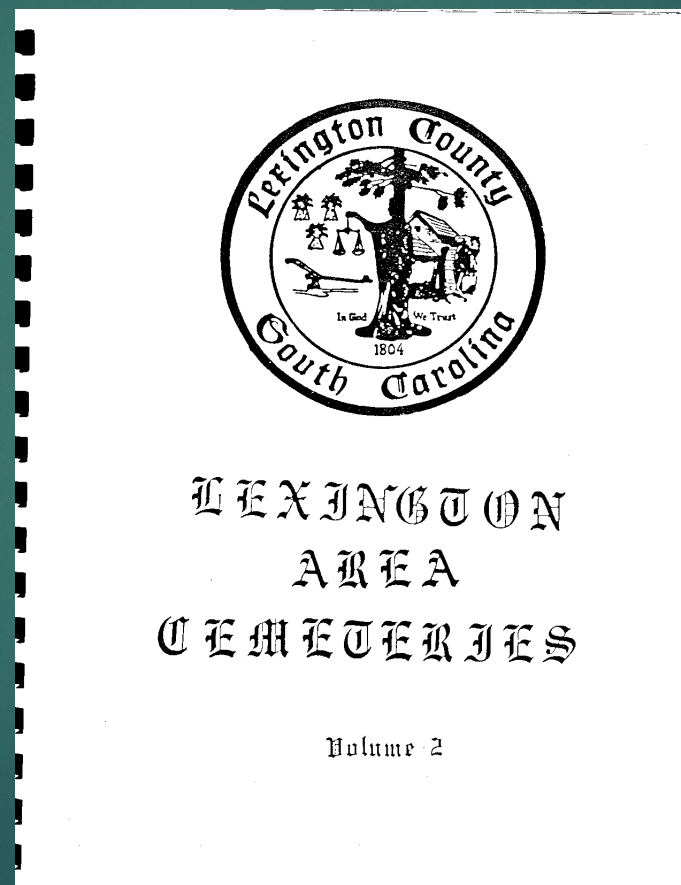
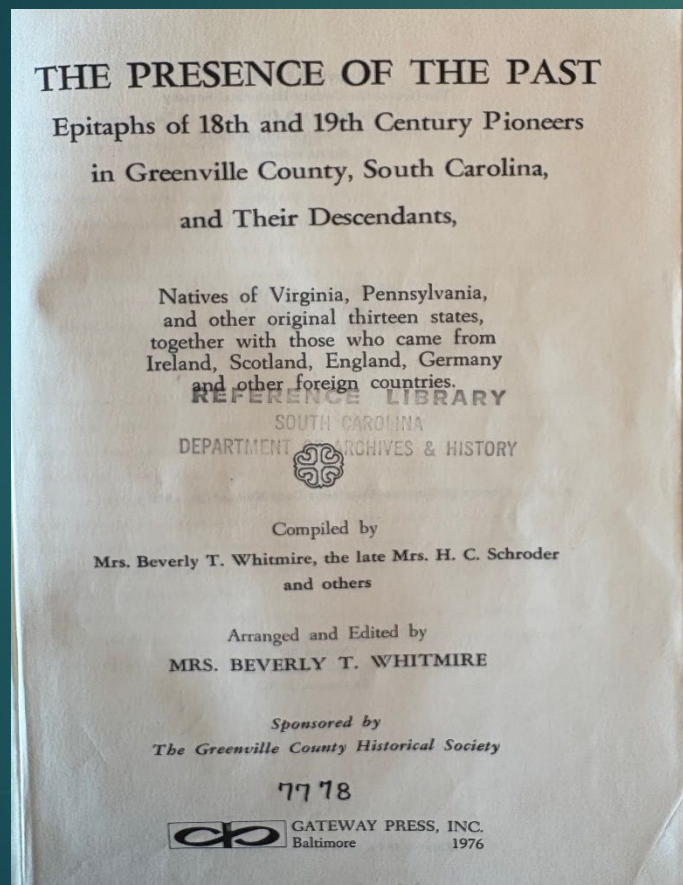
WHAT DOES SCDAH OFFER?

- ▶ Please remember that the SC Department of Archives & History **DOES NOT** have authority to enforce state or local cemetery laws, provide legal advice, own cemeteries, research or survey cemeteries, or initiate cemetery repair projects.
- ▶ We **DO** have holdings in the Archives and Research Room that may assist you with research about historic cemeteries.
- ▶ We **DO** provide information about historic cemeteries through our website.
<https://scdah.sc.gov/historic-preservation/technical-assistance/cemeteries>
- ▶ We **DO** have State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) programs that can help you with recording and recognizing historic cemeteries, and that consider impacts of proposed projects on cemeteries and burial grounds.

ARCHIVES

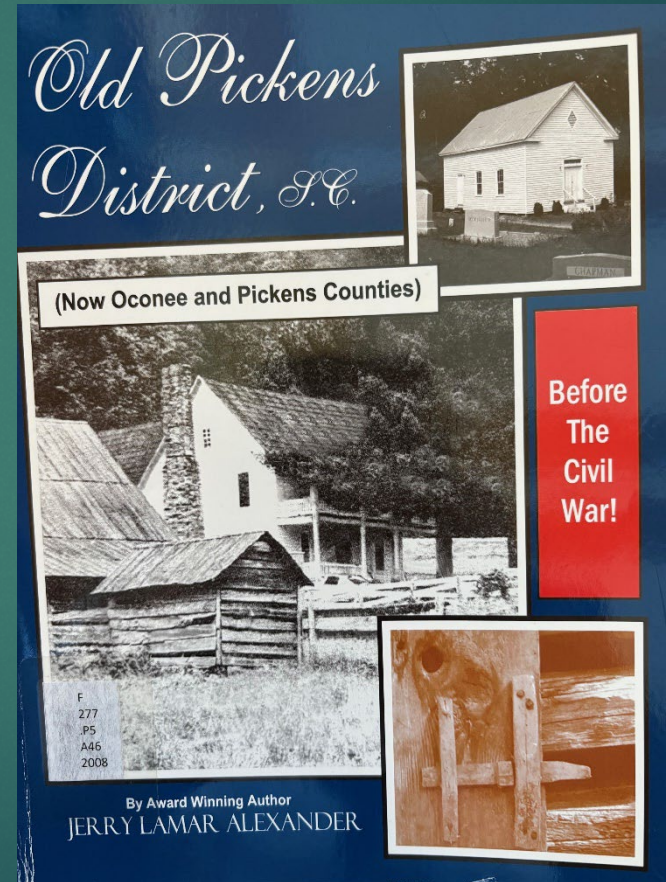
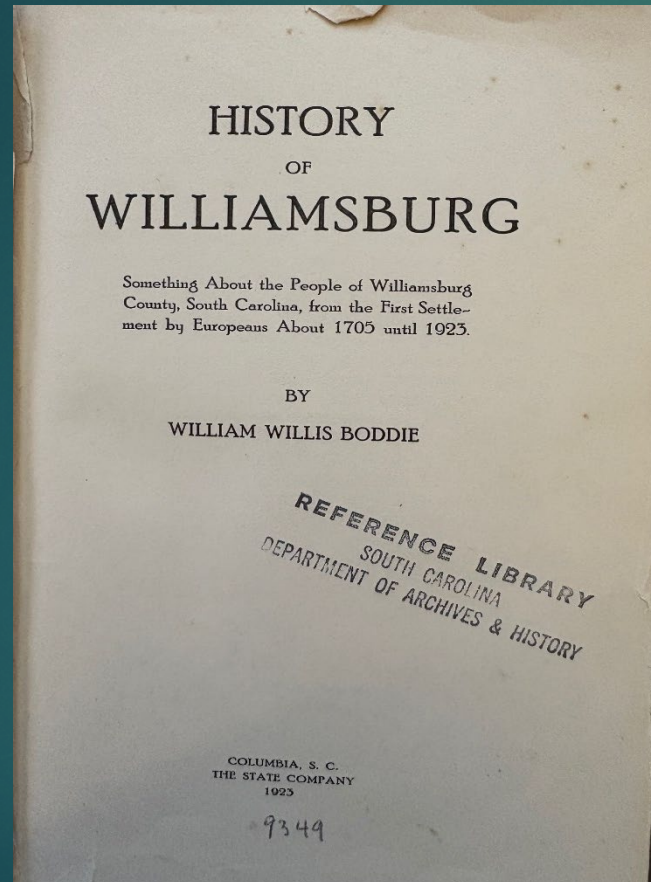


Secondary Sources: Cemetery Surveys



Secondary Sources

Local Histories



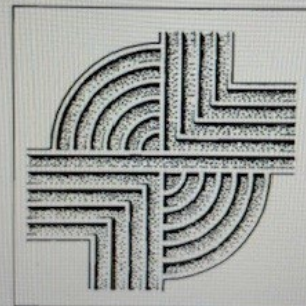
Previous Research Reports

FINAL REPORT ON THE LOCATION OF CEMETERIES, GRAVES, AND BURIAL GROUNDS IN RICHLAND COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA



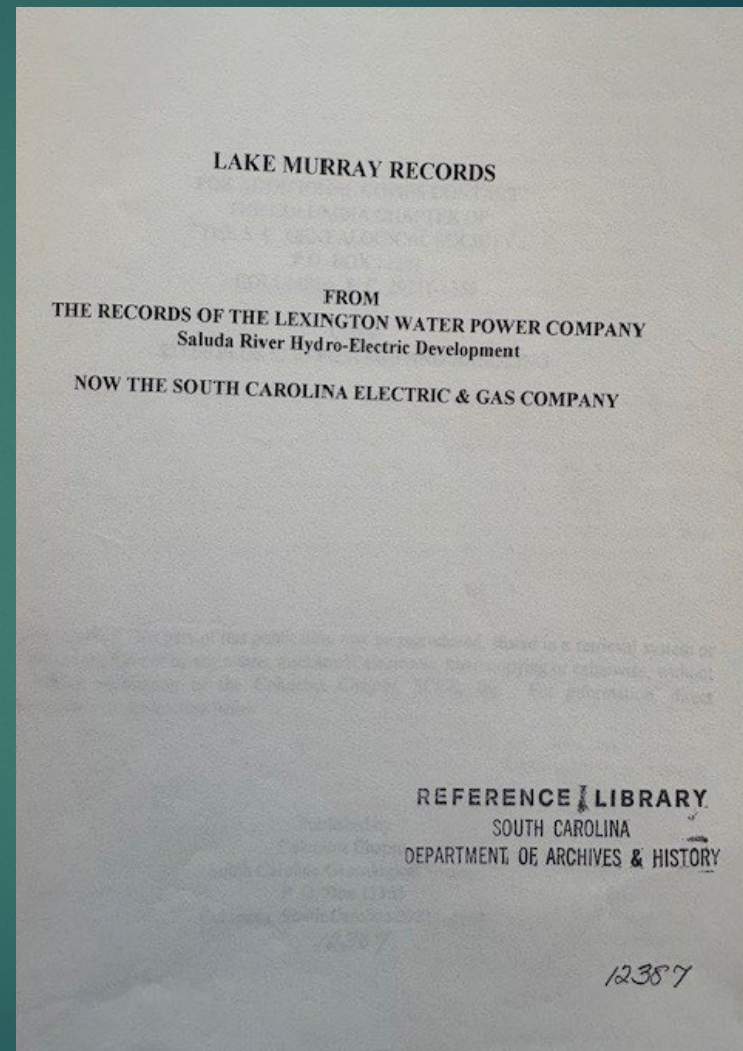
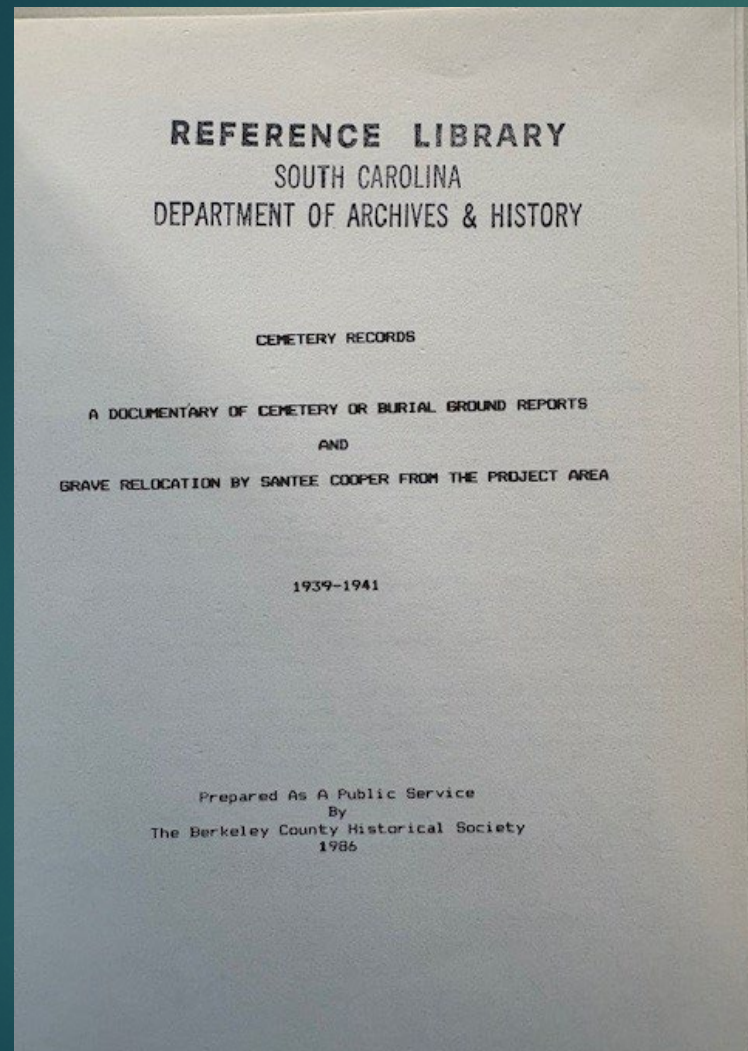
Chicora Research Contribution 555

FACTORY CEMETERY, LEXINGTON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA



CHICORA RESEARCH CONTRIBUTION 340

Business Records



WPA Tombstone Inscriptions



W. P. A. Transcripts of Tombstone Inscriptions in South Carolina

These cards were transcribed by members of the local chapters of the South Carolina Genealogical Society from the typescript volumes of inscriptions compiled by the W.P.A. in the late 1930's. Those volumes are in the collection of the South Caroliniana Library of the University of South Carolina.

The microfilming of these cards was done by the South Carolina Historical Society in cooperation with the South Carolina Genealogical Society, whose President, Mr. Robert E. Babb, Jr., did most of the actual filming. A substantial part was also filmed by Nancy Evans.

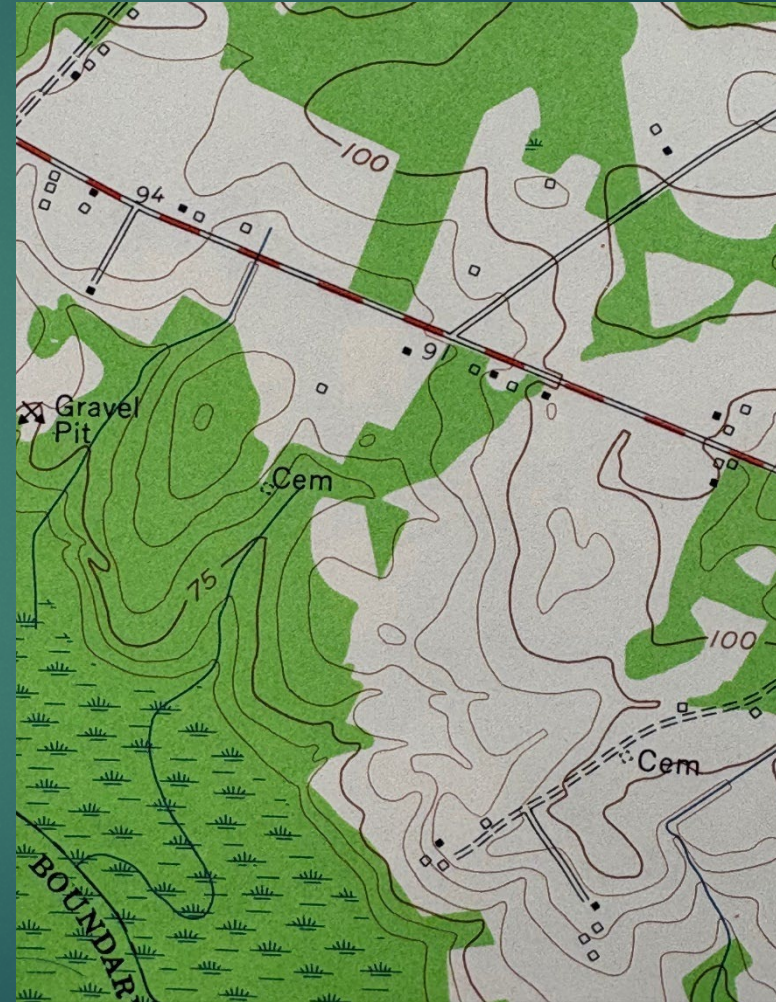
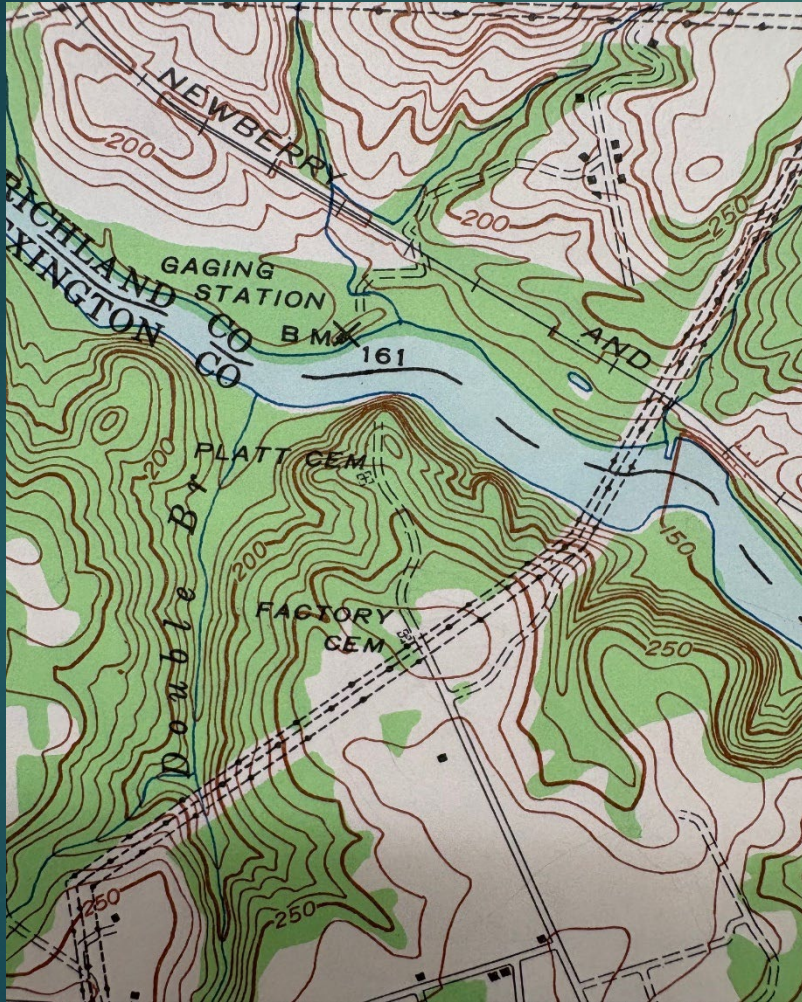
The cards are in a single, alphabetical series except for one group that is included as an appendix. A section of Beaufort cemetery cards lacked volume numbers, and these cards are filmed separately in alphabetical order.

22 April 1981

CLARENDON COUNTY

<u>Name of Cemetery</u>	<u>Location</u>
Paxville cemetery	1 1/2 miles west of Paxville on Pinewood road.
Paxville Baptist churchyard	Paxville, S. C.
Home Branch Baptist churchyard	3 miles north east of Paxville on "Old Manning Road"
Skinner burial ground	1 mile NE of Paxville, on Community road
Brown burial ground	1 mile north east of Paxville on Cuckers Branch
Sumerton Baptist cemetery	1/2 mile west of Sumerton, on Manning road
Reynolds burial grounds	2 1/2 miles NW Paxville, off Community Rd.
Evergreen cemetery	100 yards off National Highway 15A Sumerton, S. C.
Andrews Chapel Methodist church	2 miles west of Silver on Panolla road.
Calvary Baptist churchyard	7 miles west of Paxville, on Panolla Road.
Butler burial ground	1 1/2 miles NE. of Silver, S. C.
Tisdal burial ground	5 mi. east of Paxville on S. H. 261
Ridgell burial ground	1 1/2 miles SW Manning, S. C.
St. Paul churchyard	3 miles SE St. Paul, S. C.
Ragsin burial ground	1 1/2 miles E St. Paul, S. C.
Lawson burial ground	1 1/2 miles SW St. Paul, S. C.
Connors burial ground	7 1/2 miles west of Paxville, near Panolla road
Elliott burial ground	9 miles west Paxville, on Panolla road

Topographical Maps



Death Certificates

Form No. 10

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Bureau of Vital Statistics
State Board of Health

File No.—For State Registrar Only.
19398

1. PLACE OF DEATH
County of Richland
Township of Richland
or Inc. Town of Richland
or City of Richland

Registration District No. 2903
Registered No. 138
(For use of Local Registrar)
(If death occurred in a Hospital or Institution give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2. FULL NAME Washington Collins Greene
Residence City Richland Yrs. 1 Mos. 3 Days.

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX Male 4 COLOR OR RACE negro 5 SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED. Single
(Write the word)

6 DATE OF BIRTH Sept. 25, 1917
(Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE 21 yrs. 3 mos. 3 days.
If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

8 OCCUPATION
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work.
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer).

9 BIRTHPLACE (State or Country) Richland

10 NAME OF FATHER Washington Collins Greene

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or Country) Richland

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mary Frederick

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (State or Country) Richland

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
(Informant) Washington Collins Greene
(Address) Richland, S.C.

15 Dec 28, 1917 M.D. Richland
LOCAL REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH Dec 28, 1917
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from Dec 28, 1917 to Dec 28, 1917 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at Richland.
m. The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Pneumonia

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or recent Residents.)
At place of death 1 yrs. 3 mos. 3 days. In the State 1 yrs. 3 mos. 3 days.
Where was disease contracted?

19 Place of Burial or Removal Richland DATE OF BURIAL Dec 29, 1917

20 UNDERTAKER Richland ADDRESS Richland

Form No. 10

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Bureau of Vital Statistics
State Board of Health

File No.—For State Registrar Only.
2009

1. PLACE OF DEATH
County of Marlboro
Township of Beaufort
or Inc. Town of Beaufort
or City of Beaufort

Registration District No. 33-A
Registered No. 6
(For use of Local Registrar)
(If death occurred in a Hospital or Institution give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2. FULL NAME Mrs. Ann Elizabeth Jones
Residence In City Beaufort Yrs. 1 Mos. 3 Days.

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX Female 4 COLOR OR RACE White 5 SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED. Married
(Write the word)

6 DATE OF BIRTH Sept. 28, 1869
(Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE 49 yrs. 3 mos. 15 days.
If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

8 OCCUPATION
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work.
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer).

9 BIRTHPLACE (State or Country) North Carolina

10 NAME OF FATHER Cameron Smith

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or Country) North Carolina

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mary Sneed

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (State or Country) North Carolina

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
(Informant) Ann Jones
(Address) Beaufort, S.C.

15 Jan 17, 1919 M.D. Beaufort
LOCAL REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH Jan 17, 1919
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from Jan 12, 1919 to Jan 17, 1919 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at Beaufort.
m. The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Broncho pneumonia

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or recent Residents.)
At place of death 1 yrs. 3 mos. 15 days. In the State 1 yrs. 3 mos. 15 days.
Where was disease contracted?

19 Place of Burial or Removal Beaufort DATE OF BURIAL Jan 17, 1919

20 UNDERTAKER Beaufort ADDRESS Beaufort

SC Dept. of Health and Environmental Control Disinterment Record, 1953-1992

DISINTERMENT

APR 9, 1956
April 9, 1956

H. D. Jones & Sons Funeral Directors
1004 Augusta Street
Thompson Funeral Home
West Columbia,
South Carolina

Gentlemen: with a request from Mrs. William E. Jones, permission is hereby granted the Thompson Funeral Home to disinter the remains of one baby Edward L. Miller, born 1885 and died 1884, from plot of ground located by Highway 76, twenty-two miles below Columbia, South Carolina to be reinterred in the Good Hope Baptist Church Cemetery across from present burial plot.

The present site of this grave, by the side of Highway 76, is being reclaimed by the South Carolina State Highway Department for state highway purposes of highway improvement, thus it is necessary that the remains of baby Edward L. Miller be disinterred and reinterred.

Very truly yours,
Norma H. Buff, Secretary
Bureau of Vital Statistics
For: Thom. P. Leeson
Assistant State Registrar

cc: Mrs. Jones

mb

COPY

State Board of Health
Bureau of Vital Statistics
Columbia, South Carolina

Gentlemen:

Please grant permission to the Gray Mortuary
Funeral Home of Pelzer, S.C.
to disinter the remains of Mrs. Emma Cleo D. Helton
White ☒ Colored ☐ Male ☐ Female ☒ Age 30
who died June 3, 1922 at Greenville, S.C.
(date) (place)
from the Helton Family Cemetery, located at
(name)
Pelzer, S.C. R. 1 to be reinterred in the Shiloh Methodist Church
(place) (name)
Cemetery, located at Piedmont, S.C. R. 3
I am the nearest living relative of the deceased. My relationship to the
deceased is daughter

Mrs. Ruby H. Lee
(signature)

Sworn to before me, this 1st
day of Jan. 19 56.
State of S.C. County of Anderson.

Jama L. Gray
(Notary Public)
Commission expires Jan. 1958

(SEAL)
(Seal must be affixed for affidavit to
be accepted)

Deed and Probate Records

118
 In witness whereof to them their heirs & assigns forever In witness
 whereof the said parties have hereunto set their hands &
 seals the Day & year first above written

Sealed and Delivered
 In the presence of }
 J. Fowler }
 George Gray }
 William Wayne L.B.
 South Carolina }
 Berkeley County }
 George Murray
 of the office of the
 Judge of the
 Peace for said County, Personally came and appeared George Gray, who being
 duly sworn made oath and testified that he was lawfully presented to
 the within named William Wayne sign seal and as his act and deed
 before the within instrument of writing and for the true intents &
 purposes therein mentioned that he likewise made him sign the same
 for the consideration Money and that he together with Thomas Fowler his
 said first names as witnesses thereof

Sworn before me
 this 11th Day of August } George Murray, J.P.
 Sealed and Delivered this 21st of November 1836 by the said
 Joseph Allison }
 Tobias Allison }
 South Carolina This Town.
 were made the twelfth Day of August in
 the year of our Lord one thousand eight hun-
 dred and twenty two and in the twelfth year of the reign of our late
 Majesty King George the third by the Grace of God Great Britain France &
 Ireland King Defender of the Faith & so forth Between Joseph Allison
 of Waccamaw Haven County in the presence of South Carolina of the
 first part and Tobias Allison of the same place of the other part
 Whereas the said Tobias Allison and himself by a legal agreement
 made of lease and release bearing date respectively the eighteenth
 and nineteenth days of this said August in the present year first last one thousand
 seven hundred and twenty two did for the consideration therein mentioned
 Grant bargain sell release and convey unto the said Joseph Allison
 and to his heirs and assigns forever certain Plantation situate of land

WILL OF ELIJAH BROWNE - Page 3 -

three remaining negroes (Subject to Kitty Carpenters Claim
 as named in my aforesaid will) to be left in trust with Da-
 rius Q and Jonathan Browne for the Benefit of Such of their
 Brothers as have not received an equal part of the property
 acquired by their mother

having Selected a Spot of ground back of my potatoe patch
 for a family burrying ground it is my will that when I die
 I should be buried beside my child allready buried there
 and that if ever the Land should be Sold that one half acre
 round Said grave be reserved as Sacred and enviolable and
 that my grave should be covered over so as to prevent rain
 falling on it and that my coffin be Laid on Sticks of durable
 wood to prevent its touching the ground and pailings kept up
 round Said grave from time to time at the expense of the
 Estate

Signed & Sealed this E Browne (SEAL)

Second day of May
 one thousand eight hundred
 and thirty

in presence of
 James Gunnin
 Robt. C Harkness
 Elizabeth her
 mark Welch

Recorded in Will Book E, Page 38

Recorded March 21, 1836

Proved March 21, 1836


John Harris, O. A. D.

Roll No. 43

WEBPAGE

Publications State laws Organizations Workshop presentations

<https://scdah.sc.gov/historic-preservation/technical-assistance/cemeteries>



South Carolina
Department of Archives and History

About UsResearch and GenealogyHistoric PreservationRecords Management

Home » Historic Preservation » Technical Assistance » Cemeteries

CEMETERIES



South Carolina State Historic Preservation Office, South Carolina Department of Archives and History
scdah.sc.gov

Frequently Asked Questions About Cemetery Preservation

Cemeteries are an important feature of South Carolina's diverse heritage. In addition to marking the final resting place of our ancestors, they yield information about our state's social, religious, artistic, and cultural heritage. They also contain genealogical information that cannot be found anywhere else. Deterioration from natural forces such as weathering and uncontrolled vegetation and insensitive development can threaten historic cemeteries. The involvement of individuals and organizations with an interest and commitment to saving local history and culture is critical to protecting and preserving these sites. The following are frequently asked questions about historic cemeteries.

What is the best way to start a cemetery restoration project? The first step is to educate yourself or your group about the preservation of historic cemeteries. The next step is to research and document the cemetery. Study and map all plots in the graveyard and document each headstone and footstone with photographs and a written record. Then develop a well thought out plan and set priorities. The following sources will help you educate yourself, research and document your cemetery, and develop a master plan:

McGahee, Susan H., and Edmonds, Mary W. *South Carolina's Historic Cemeteries: A Preservation Handbook*. South Carolina Department of Archives and History, 1997, updated 2007. Available at <https://scdah.sc.gov/historic-preservation/technical-assistance/cemeteries>.


Strangstad, Lynette. *A Graveyard Preservation Primer* 2nd edition (220 pages). Available for order from the Association for Gravestone Studies, at <https://www.associationforgravestonestudies.org/publications/cwpage02.php>.

Striegel, Mary F., Gale, Frances, Church, Jason, and Dietrich-Smith, Debbie. *Preservation Brief 48: Preserving Grave Markers in Historic Cemeteries*. National Park Service, 2016. Available at <https://www.nps.gov/history/nps/tps/pubs/tps48/tps48.pdf>.

Yimking, Michael. *Grave Markers: The Preservation of African American Cemeteries* (1996). *Recording Historic Cemeteries: A Guide for Historical Societies and Genealogists* (1998), and *Cemetery Disaster Planning* (2013). Columbia, SC: Chocoma Foundation. Copies are available online at <http://chocoma.org/cemetery-pdfs/ahm.htm>.

What funds are available for restoring and maintaining historic cemeteries? Most cemetery projects are funded locally from non-public sources and rely on volunteers for maintenance. No state agency has the legal authority or means to maintain cemeteries. SC Code 6-1-35 authorizes (but does not require) a municipality or county to preserve or protect any cemetery within its jurisdiction that has been abandoned or is not being maintained.

How should I clean gravestones? Use the gentlest means possible to clean historic gravestones. Abrasive cleaning may permanently damage the stone. A nylon or Tampico scrub brush and a garden hose or spray bottle with water will often clean stones satisfactorily. If more cleaning is needed, dissolve a non-ionic detergent in water. Thoroughly soak



South Carolina State Historic Preservation Office, South Carolina Department of Archives and History
scdah.sc.gov

Grave Concerns: Protecting and Repairing Historic Cemeteries

Historic cemeteries in South Carolina are often threatened by damage, whether from acts of vandalism or from natural disasters like thunderstorms or hurricanes. Immediate response is often necessary after cemeteries and stones have been damaged, but long-term planning is often the best means to make sure historic burial grounds are protected for future generations. After a natural or man-made disaster, there are several appropriate steps to take in the care and cleanup of historic cemeteries.

Record the Damage

- ◆ Map all features that have been damaged. Using a cemetery map, mark the stones, tombs, markers, fences, walls, paths, and vegetation that have been damaged. If no map is available, a hand-drawn sketch identifying the location of each feature will serve this purpose.
- ◆ Record the present condition of each affected feature. Sketch the location of the affected stone and describe the damage. Be precise! Take photographs in addition to the written record, if possible. A good record will include information about the location, the damage, the materials, the condition, and the size of the site and its components. It will also note previous repairs, record inscriptions, identify motifs and design elements of the various features, and indicate where fragments are stored.

Begin the Cleanup Process

- ◆ Use care. Historic markers are fragile. If there are broken markers, do not step on the fragments. If trees and limbs have fallen on markers, carefully cut limbs away in small sections, carrying them away as you work. Do not let the limbs fall on the stones beneath them.
- ◆ Photograph the broken markers both before and after the removal of trees and limbs.
- ◆ Carefully remove pieces of the broken stones, only after double-checking your documentation. Once you have moved a stone, it will be impossible to remember which direction it faced, its precise location, or the details of its construction.
- ◆ Do not discard fragments. Fragments that seem insignificant can be vital to later restoration efforts.

Plan for Repairs

Before you begin repair of markers, you need to understand proper conservation methods. Improper repairs can inflict irreparable damage on both markers and the site itself. A selected list of resources (next page) can help you plan appropriate conservation treatments for damaged cemeteries.

Revised January 2020

Revised January 2020

48 PRESERVATION BRIEFS

Preserving Grave Markers in Historic Cemeteries

Mary F. Striegel, Frances Gale, Jason Church, & Debbie Dietrich-Smith



National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior
Technical Preservation Services



MEMORY

Cemeteries found across the country are not only places of burial, but they also provide a vivid record of community history. Whether large or small, well maintained or neglected, historic cemeteries are an important part of our cultural landscape. The vast richness of expression through form, decoration and materials informs our understanding of the individuals buried in historic cemeteries and their cultural significance.

While cemeteries are often considered to be perpetual, their most prominent feature—the grave markers—are not. They weather, naturally decay, often are poorly maintained and repaired and, on occasion, are vandalized (Fig. 1). Grave markers are usually noteworthy not only for their inscriptions but also for their craftsmanship. Exceptional markers are considered works of art.

This Preservation Brief focuses on a single aspect of historic cemetery preservation—providing guidance for owners, property managers, administrators, in-house maintenance staff, volunteers, and others who

are responsible for or are interested in preserving and protecting grave markers. Besides describing grave marker materials and the risk factors that contribute to their decay, the Brief provides guidance for assessing their conditions and discusses maintenance programs and various preservation treatments.

Also identified are a number of excellent references that address materials used in all grave markers, including several other Preservation Briefs (listed in Additional Reading). This Brief highlights particular issues that should be considered with historic grave markers.


Types of Traditional Grave Markers

The great variety in the types of grave markers is a fascinating aspect of the study and appreciation of historic cemeteries. Three broad categories can be used to describe grave markers—(1) single-element, (2) multiple-element, and (3) structures. Single-element grave markers are stone, cast iron, or wood elements that are set in a vertical position or placed as a horizontal slab on the ground (Fig. 2). Early examples of this simplest type of grave markers are field stone and basic wooden or wrought iron crosses, with the name of the deceased person scratched into or engraved on the marker. Often, these rudimentary grave markers are overhauled, significantly deteriorated, or lost. Vertical stone slabs and large stone ledgers laid horizontally over the grave site are more sophisticated examples of this type.


Multiple-element grave markers are found in a number of different forms. In the most typical form, a grave marker would consist of two stones—an upper headstone placed on top of a base stone. The upper headstone may be secured in a number of different ways to the base. In the simplest of forms, the upper stone was placed on the base, set in a bed of mortar on top of the base, or joined with pins and mortar. With a "tab-and-




Figure 1. Sandstone and slate grave markers in the Ancient Shaping Ground in New London, CT, display a variety of weathering conditions. Markers in the cemetery date from the mid 17th to the early 19th centuries. Photo: Jason Church.



SOUTH CAROLINA'S HISTORIC CEMETERIES: A PRESERVATION HANDBOOK



Susan H. McGahee and Mary W. Edmonds



South Carolina Department of Archives and History

STATE HISTORICAL MARKERS

- ▶ State program, est. 1936
- ▶ Over 2,000 markers
- ▶ Average 50 approved texts a year
- ▶ Local sponsors propose, fund, install, maintain

Mark and interpret [PLACES](#) important to an understanding of South Carolina's past, either as the [sites](#) of significant events, or at [historic properties](#) such as buildings, sites, structures, or other resources significant for their design, as examples of a type, or for their association with institutions or individuals significant in local, state, or national history.

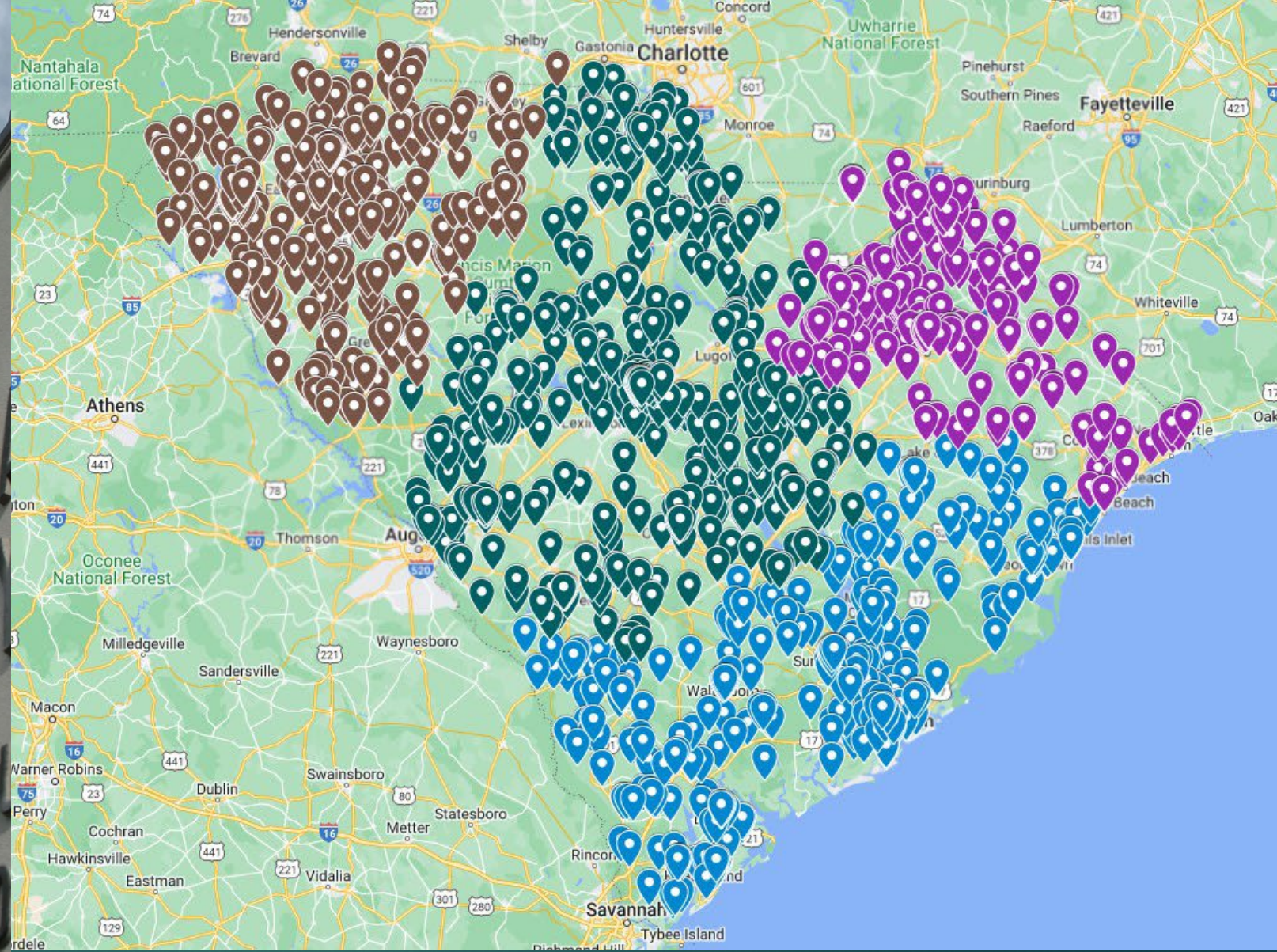
Markers do not provide legal protections or funding.



A Guidebook to South Carolina Historical Markers

COMPILED BY EDWIN BREEDEN

ENTRANCE TO
COLUMBIAN SOCIETY OF THE COLUMBIAN SOCIETY
BENEVOLENT SOCIETY
THIS SOCIETY HAS BEEN IN CONTINUOUS
EXISTENCE SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION
IT WAS CHARTERED 1884.



SCDAH- S.C. Historical Markers

← 16-78

Marker Number

16-78

County

DARL

Marker Name - Front

Harstville Colored Cemetery

GPS Coordinates

34° 21.861' N, 80° 4.762' W

City/Vicinity

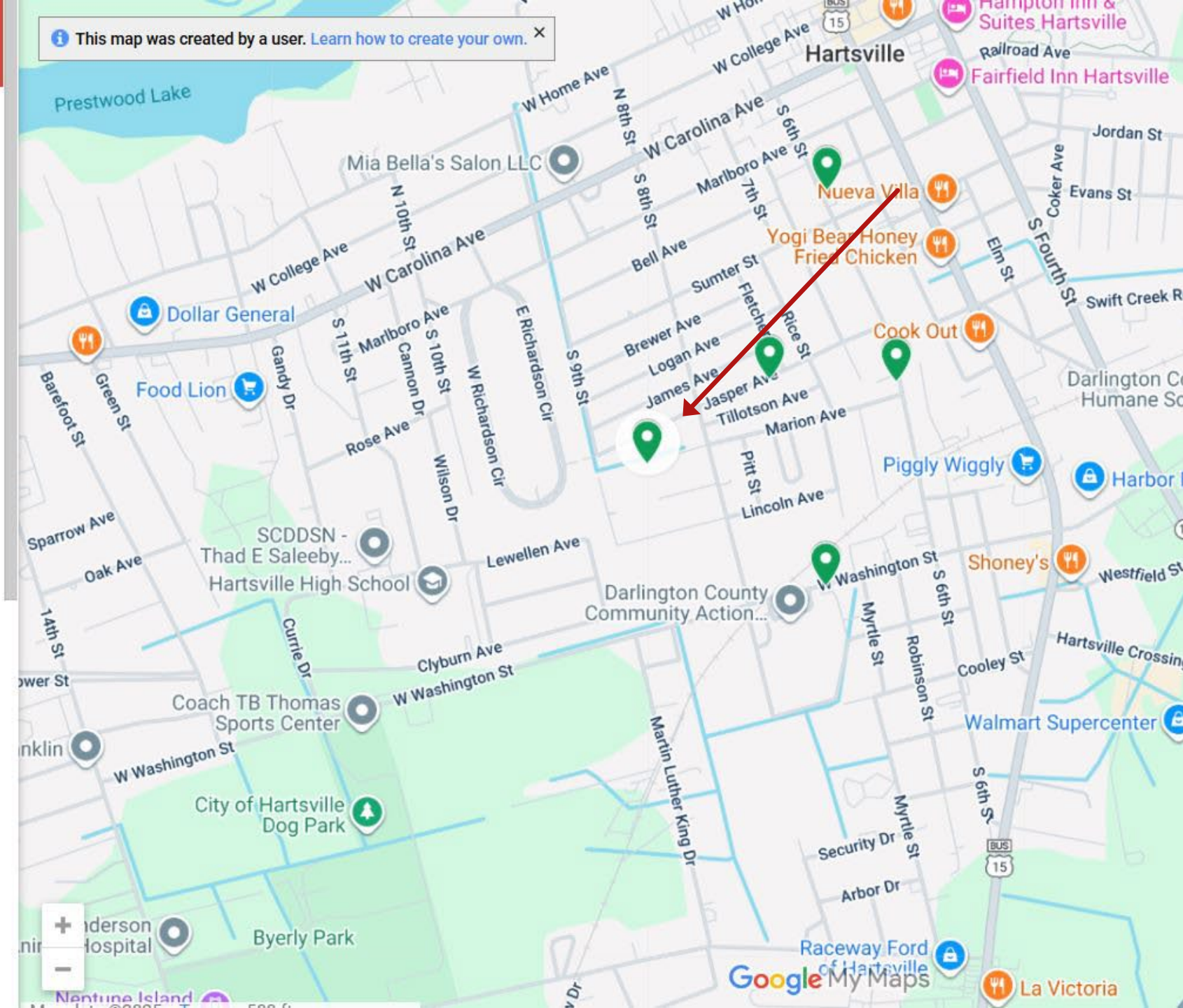
Hartsville

Address/Location

417 Marion Ave., Hartsville


Text - Front

The cemetery was founded by two mutual aid associations representing Hartsville's African American Community. The first acre was acquired in 1904 by the Hartsville Colored Cem. Association. A second acre was acquired in 1931 by the Mutual Cem. Association. The burials chronicle former slaves and local residents including professionals and veterans who served from the Spanish American War to the Vietnam War.



STATEWIDE SURVEY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

- ▶ Inventory forms, photos and reports, location
- ▶ Above-ground vs. archaeological survey
- ▶ City or county surveys
- ▶ Project based surveys for specific projects



**Southside Rock Hill
Historic Resource Survey**

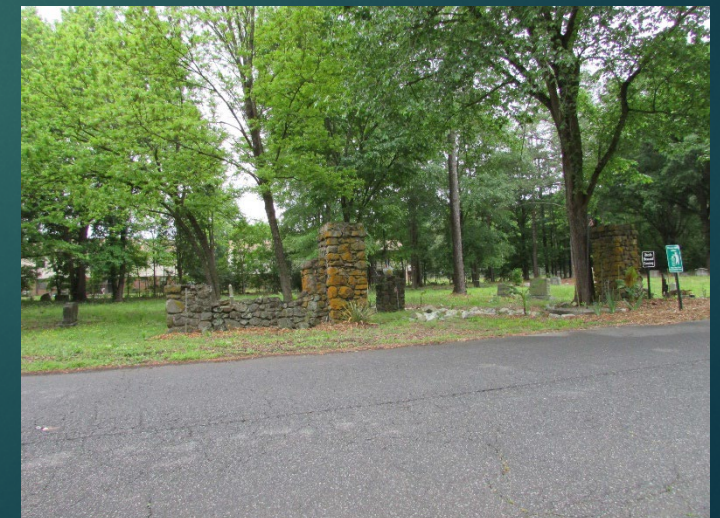
Historic Context & Survey Results
August 28, 2023 Final Report

**ACCESS
PRESERVATION**

Staci Richey, Access Preservation
&
Lissa Felzer, Felzer Consulting

Lincoln Memorial Cemetery
(SHPO Site No. 4647)

Statewide Survey of Historic Properties		U / 4647	Revisit: <input type="checkbox"/>
State Historic Preservation Office South Carolina Department of Archives and History 8301 Parklane Road Columbia, SC 29223-4905 (803) 896-6100		Status: Site No. Quadrangle Name: Rock Hill West Tax Map No.: 6260105011	
Survey Form			
Identification			
Historic Name:	Lincoln Cemetery		
Common Name:	Lincoln Memorial Cemetery		
Address/Location:	940 Flint St Extension		
City:	Rock Hill	Vicinity of <input type="checkbox"/>	County: York
Ownership:	Unknown/Other	Category:	Site
Historical Use:	Funerary	Historical Use (if Other):	
Current Use:	Funerary	Current Use (if Other):	
SHPO National Register Determination of Eligibility:	Not Eligible		
Property Description			
Construction Date:	c.1933	Construction (if Other):	
Construction:	Other	Historic Core Shape (if Other):	
Historic Core Shape:		Exterior Walls (if Other):	
Exterior Walls:		Foundation (if Other):	
Foundation:		Commercial Form (if Other):	
Commercial Form:		Roof Shape (if Other):	
Roof Shape:		Roof Materials (if Other):	
Roof Materials:		Stories (if Other):	
Stories:		Porch Width (if Other):	
Porch Width:		Porch Shape (if Other):	
Porch Shape:			
Description/Significant Features:	African American cemetery on a multi-acre site within a residential area, pillars and walls at entrance of uncoursed rough stone, headstones of granite and marble, some iron fencing at plots, upright and tablet monuments, loosely aligned in rows		
Alterations (include date(s), if known)			
Architect(s)/Builder(s):			



STATEWIDE SURVEY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

- Inventory forms
- Above-ground vs. archaeological survey
- City or county surveys
- Project based surveys for specific projects

Mt. Carmel United Methodist Church Cemetery (SHPO Site No. 6289.01, 38GR0387)



Phase I Archaeological Survey and Historic Architectural Assessment for Safety Improvements to US 25, Greenville County, South Carolina

Is this a revisit? ☐ No

SOUTH CAROLINA INSTITUTE OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND ANTHROPOLOGY
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
SITE INVENTORY RECORD
(6-1 Rev. 2015)

STATE: SC COUNTY: Greenville SITE NUMBER: 6289-387

Recorded by: Tony M. Smith Affiliation: SC Department of Transportation Date (MM/DD/YYYY): 2/6/2020

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Site name: PS-1 Project: Division of Express ROW, Old Route 25 row 5-865

2. USGS Quadrangle: None Date: 1985 Scale: 2.5 miles

3. UTM Zone: 17 Easting: 368500.27 Northing: 3883110.56 Reference Datum/Year: NAD83/04

4. Other map reference: USGS 1:50,000, 1985, 17N, 86W, 17E, 3883110.56, 368500.27

5. Descriptive site type (see handbook): Prehistoric

6. Archaeological investigation: Survey Y Testing _____ Excavation _____

7. Property owner: South Greenville United Methodist Church Phone number: _____

8. Address: _____

9. Other site designation: _____

10. National Register of Historic Places recommendation: Eligible _____ Not Eligible Y Additional work _____

11. Level of significance: National _____ State _____ Local _____

12. Justification: _____

The cemetery is not known to be associated with historically important persons or events, is not exceptionally old, and lacks distinctive design features or exceptional examples of Secretary art.

Officer Use Only

Determined eligible: _____ Determined not eligible: _____ Date: _____

On NRHP: _____ Date Listed: _____

B. ENVIRONMENT AND LOCATION

1. General photographic province: Piedmont Site elevation (above MSL): 393 (in feet)

2. Landform location: Ridge/low Soil classification: Entisol/very sandy loam, 10-22 percent slopes

3. On site soil type: rh

4. Major river system: Santee Nearest river/stream: unnamed rd of Santee Cr. rd north 86

5. Current vegetation: Pinelawn/forest Hardwood _____ Mixed pine/hardwood _____ Old field _____

Grass/pasture Y Agricultural/cropland _____ Wetlands/freshwater _____

6. Description of groundcover: forest Comments: _____

C. SITE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Estimated site dimensions: 25 meters by 22 meters

2. Site depth: rh cm

3. Cultural features (type and number): Cemetery with approximately 60 burials

4. Presence of: Midden _____ Floral remains _____ Faunal remains _____ Shell _____ Charcoal _____

5. Human skeletal remains: Unknown Preservation: _____

6. General site description: _____

Site is the Mt. Carmel United Methodist Church Cemetery. The cemetery dates from the late nineteenth century and is situated on a rectangular parcel just north of the Mt. Carmel United Methodist Church. The lot area is approximately 1.5 acres and the cemetery is bounded by a low stone wall on the north and east sides. The cemetery is located on the east side of US 25, about 200 feet north-northeast from the intersection of CM US 25 and HL Highway 25.

7. Verbal description of location: _____

The cemetery is located on the eastern side of CM US 25, about 200 feet north-northeast from the intersection of CM US 25 and HL Highway 25.

-----INCLUDE SITE MAP(S) AT END OF FORM-----



Statewide Survey of Historic Properties

State Historic Preservation Office
South Carolina Department of Archives and History
8301 Parklane Road
Columbia, SC 29223-4905 (803) 896-6100

Site No. 6289.01 Status I Revisit ☒

Quadrangle Name: Slater

Tax Map No. 0662040100800

SURVEY FORM

Identification

Historic Name: Mount Carmel United Methodist Church Cemetery

Common Name: North Greenville United Methodist Church Cemetery

Address/Location: 10 Old Highway 25

City: Travelers Rest ☒ Vicinity of _____ County: Greenville

Ownership: Private Category: Site Other: _____

Historical Use: Funerary

Current Use: Funerary

SHPO National Register Determination of Eligibility: Not Eligible

Property Description

Construction Date: c. 1897-1900 Construction: _____ Other: _____

Historic Core Shape: _____ Exterior Walls: _____

Other: _____ Foundation: _____

Commercial Form: _____ Roof Shape: _____

Other: _____ Roof Material: _____

Stories: _____ Porch Shape: _____

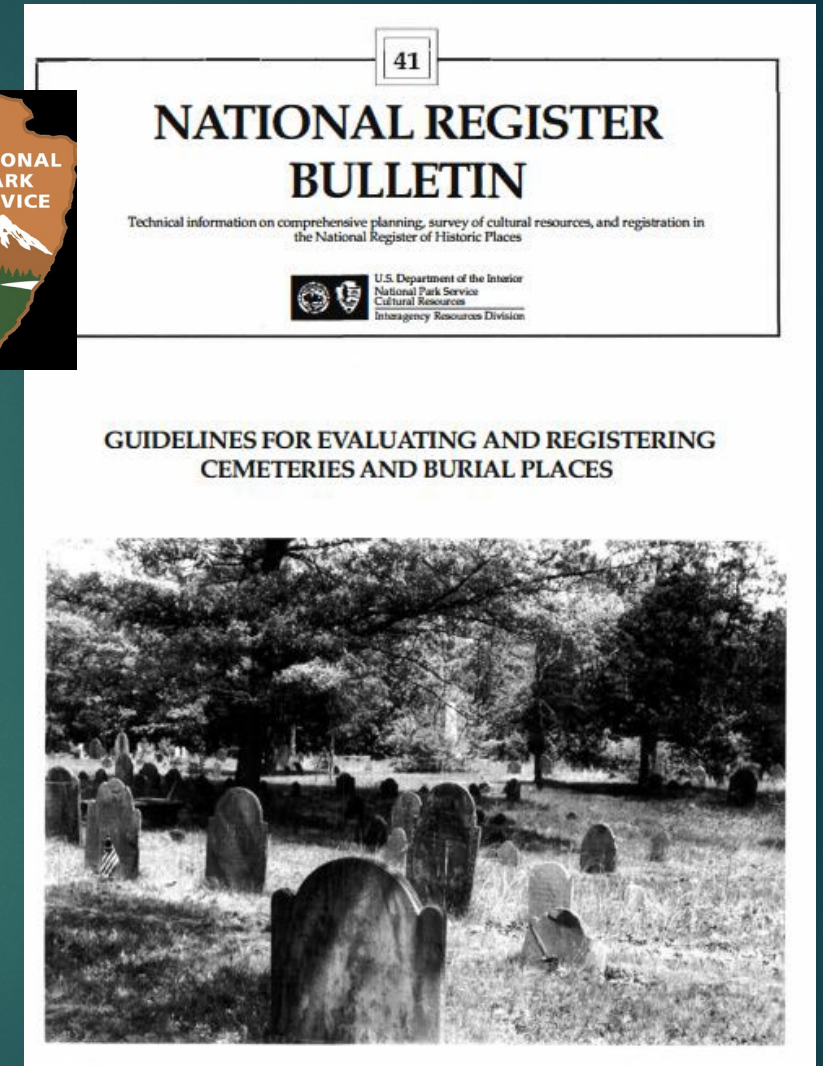
Other: _____ Porch Width: _____

Description/Significant Features:

Cemetery also recorded as archaeological site (38GR0387) from secondary building (site of 1889 church) northeast to corner of wooded area. Enclosed by wooden fence on all sides. Earliest interments from late-19th century and in eastern portion. Earliest markers plain arched granite headstones with some exhibiting decorative engravings. Possible unmarked burials in eastern and central portions. Northern and western portions have markers from late-20th-to-early-21st century organized in neat N-S rows facing East and retaining walls. Around 15 arched granite, 8 shorter and wider carved granite, seven small ledgers, and 7 metal funerary markers. At least 5 government.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

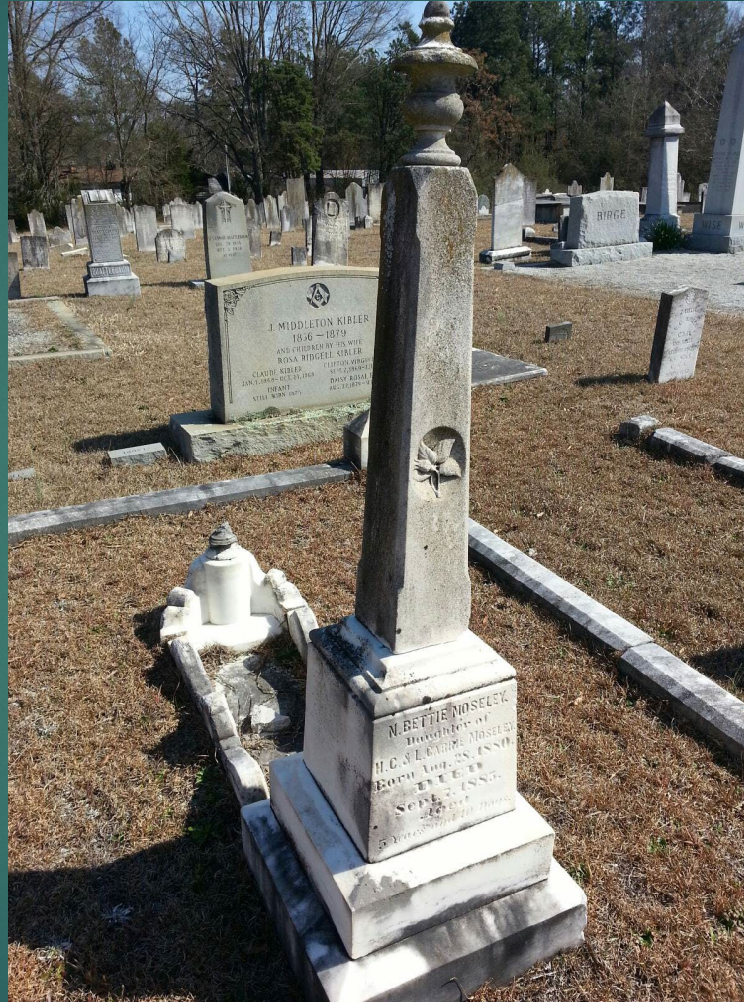
- ▶ Local, State, or National Significance
- ▶ Buildings, structures, sites, objects, and historic districts
- ▶ Integrity / Age: usually 50+ years
- ▶ Events, Person, Design, Research Potential
- ▶ **CRITERIA CONSIDERATION FOR CEMETERIES**
 - ▶ D. A cemetery is eligible if it derives its primary significance from graves of persons of transcendent importance, from age, from distinctive design features, or from association with historic events.



National Register listing does not guarantee preservation or prevent demolition.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

- ▶ Send in a Preliminary Information Form
- ▶ SHPO will evaluate and provide recommendation on whether meets the National Register criteria
- ▶ Formal nomination prepared
- ▶ State Review Board considers and approves (meets 3 times a year)
- ▶ Keeper of the National Register at National Park Service makes final decision



Left: Prosperity Cemetery, Newberry County
Top Right: Spratt Cemetery, York County
Bottom Right: Randolph Cemetery, Columbia

Preliminary Information Form (PIF) National Register of Historic Places

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE YOU BEGIN

This form is used by the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) to evaluate the National Register eligibility of resources in South Carolina. This is a preliminary evaluation only. SHPO staff will provide a written response to the preparer of the Preliminary Information Form (PIF) explaining why we believe the property is or is not eligible for listing. The recommendation of SHPO staff provided on a PIF response is intended only to allow the preparer/property owner to make an informed decision about whether or not to pursue National Register listing.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

This form is not a National Register nomination and does not constitute a formal application for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. Submission of a PIF is strongly recommended for properties that were not previously evaluated for the National Register, or which may warrant re-evaluation based on new information; however, the PIF is not a required part of the National Register process. The opinion of the SHPO does not guarantee listing in the National Register, nor does it preclude anyone from submitting a National Register nomination. The National Park Service (NPS) has final approval over all National Register nominations. For more information on the National Register, please visit our website at <https://nps.gov/history/nationalregister/program/eligibility.cfm>.

HISTORIC DISTRICTS

The PIF is intended for the evaluation of a single historic property. Please be advised that if you submit a PIF for a historic district (i.e. multiple properties) it may not be possible for SHPO staff to provide an evaluation. For large potential historic districts, a comprehensive survey is typically necessary to evaluate National Register eligibility. Federal Historic Preservation Grants may be available to help fund survey efforts. Please visit our website at <https://funding.sc.gov/historicpreservation/properties/grants/federal-grants> or contact Brad Sauls (bsauls@scdnh.sc.gov, (803)986-6172) for more information.

Send completed forms to Virginia Hamees at vhammes@scdnh.sc.gov or State Historic Preservation Office, 8301 Parklane Road, Columbia, SC 29223. Please direct questions to the above email address or call 803-896-6179.

1. PROPERTY INFORMATION

Please complete every blank that applies to the property. Attach additional sheets if necessary.

Historic Name of Property: Palmetto Cemetery

Current Name of Property (if different from above): _____

Address: 5105 Fairfield Road

City: Columbia Zip Code: 29203 Country: Richland

Tax Parcel #: R11701-01-02

Page 1 of 4

2. PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (attach additional sheets if necessary)

Historic Function: African American Cemetery

Current Function: African American Cemetery Date of Construction (estimate if not known): 1920

Describe significant alterations with date(s) they occurred:

No significant alterations; ongoing maintenance and addition of new graves.

Moved? (check if yes) ☐ Date of Move(s): _____

Original Location: Same as current location

Outbuildings/Other Features:

None

Archaeological Potential (if any; typically applies to properties where archaeological survey/excavation have occurred):

The Chicora Foundation's site inventory indicates the presence of approximately 150 unmarked burials within the cemetery, identifiable by ground mounds. Additionally, their research points to potential unmarked burials on the land where ACOM Middle School (previously Fairfield Road Junior High School) is now situated, although further research and evaluation is required to confirm the precise location and specifics of these burials.

Page 2 of 4

3. SIGNIFICANCE OF PROPERTY

Please provide a brief statement about why you believe this property is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. The criteria and requirements for listing a property in the National Register are explained in [National Register Bulletin 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation](#). You may wish to consider the following questions when formulating a statement:

- Is the property significant in the development of a town or community? Is the property significant for its association with an important person in local, state, or national history? Is the property associated with an important event or trend in local, state, or national history?
- Who built it and when? Who has lived here? Did they live or work there during the productive years of their lives?
- Did an architect, landscape architect, or master craftsman design or build it? If so, please provide biographical information on the individual.

Please include copies of relevant sources, including summaries of interviews and documents that are not readily available. In researching the history of the property, check records at your local library, church, historical society, or county courthouse. Interviews with local historians may also yield information. Label all published sources with the name of the author, name of publication and publisher, date and place of publication, and page number(s). In the case of unpublished manuscripts, provide the name and page number(s) of the particular document, the name of the document collection, and the name and location of the repository.

Statement of Significance (attach additional sheets if necessary):

The Palmetto Cemetery is a historically African American vernacular cemetery established in 1920 by funeral pioneer and son of a formerly enslaved, distinguished Reconstruction-era minister in Columbia, South Carolina. This enduring cultural resource is integral to the ethnic heritage and social history of Columbia's African American community from the early twentieth century through the significant period post-Reconstruction and the national Civil Rights Movement.

As such, it is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places at the local and state level under Criterion A for its strong association and with the ethnic heritage and social history of African American southerners; and Criterion C for its distinctive characteristics of early twentieth century African American rural cemeteries and craftsmanship. Though a cemetery is not usually considered for listing in the National Register, the Palmetto Cemetery meets the special requirements of Criteria Consideration D, because it serves substantial significance from graves of persons of transcendent importance in the community. It additionally meets the requirements of Criteria Consideration G as the only remaining example a rural cemetery reflecting African American burial customs in the city of Columbia and the state of South Carolina. In-do-doing, the site serves as the final resting place for a significant number of African American civil rights leaders despite many being interred during the decades post-Civil Rights era.

Today, it continues African American burial customs through The Palmetto Cemetery Association, established by founder Willis Craig Johnson to ensure the perpetual care of the site by descendants of the deceased since its incorporation.

See enclosed research and documentation report for additional context.

Page 3 of 4

4. PHOTOGRAPHS

Include current, clear, color photographs of the property. Photograph all resources on the property from the front, rear, and sides, taking extra shots of significant details. Also include images of the property's setting. Label each photograph with the name of the property, what the photo shows, and the date taken. Please ensure images are at least 4" x 6". Scans or copies of historic photographs (please do not send originals) of the property should also be included when available.

5. MAPS

Please attach a county tax map (contact county assessor's office or [see online mapping when available](#)). Please also provide a Google Map (or similar) showing the location of the property. For properties with multiple resources (e.g. a farmhouse with agricultural outbuildings), include a site map that shows the location of each resource on the property. Scans or copies of historic maps (please do not send originals) of the property should also be included when available.

6. OWNER INFORMATION (complete name and address as recorded in county tax records)

Name: Palmetto Cemetery Association
Address: P.O. Box 2223 City: Columbia State: SC Zip Code: 29202-2223
Phone: (803) 361-2558 / (803) 360-4946 E-mail: _____

Does the owner anticipate applying for historic rehabilitation tax credits?

The SHPO PIF response is not binding for the purposes of receiving certification for Federal or State historic rehabilitation tax credits and the PIF is not required as part of the tax credit application process.

- ☐ None available (unmarked or unrecorded) ☐ No
☐ Someowner (owner-occupied residences) ☐ Undecided

Does the owner anticipate applying for preservation grants?

Access to some grants may be dependent on National Register eligibility or listing. Submission of a PIF may be an acceptable way to document a property's National Register eligibility, but please check the requirements of the specific grant you are applying for. A determination of eligibility through a PIF response does not guarantee a grant will be awarded.

- ☒ Federal Preservation Grants ☒ NPS Connecting Grants (Specify: AACR, HER, URC)
☒ State Preservation Grants ☒ Other (Specify: RCDC Historic Preservation Grant)
☐ No ☐ Undecided

Does the owner anticipate applying to a NPS Network (e.g. African American Civil Rights Network, Reconstructing Em National Historic Network, etc.) or another program requiring a determination of National Register eligibility?

Inclusion in some programs (such as NPS networks) may be dependent on National Register eligibility. Submission of a PIF may be an acceptable way to document a property's National Register eligibility, but please check the requirements of the specific program you are applying for. A determination of eligibility through a PIF response does not guarantee inclusion in any program.

- ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ Undecided If yes, specify program: African American Civil Rights Network

7. PIF PREPARER CONTACT INFORMATION

Name: Cory France
Organization/Company (if applicable): Overground Columbia
Address: 4 E Bend Court City: Columbia State: SC Zip: 29223
Phone: (803) 348-0273 E-mail: cfrance@overgroundscia.org

Revised June 2023

Page 4 of 4

Preliminary Information Form Documentation Report Palmetto Cemetery, Columbia

The Palmetto Cemetery 5105 Fairfield Road, Columbia, SC 29203

Determination of Eligibility for the National Register of Historic Places

Cory France
Overground Columbia, LLC
Principal Consultant
Draft Completed on April 23, 2023

neighborhood. This section of the site is less clearly defined and discernable as the other areas. As such, is not yet clear if the section features unmarked burials or is being internally used as a dumping ground for old floral arrangements, damaged grave markers, or debris.



Figure 2. Cory France, personal photograph, Iron burial fencing, February 8, 2023.



Figure 3. Cory France, personal photograph, Curvilinear drives, February 8, 2023.



Figure 4. Cory France, personal photograph, Palmetto Cemetery entrance with brick nameplate pillars, February 8, 2023.

The cemetery features include drives, fencing (around graves and along the property edges), a variety of grave marker types and materials. This array of manufactured grave markers includes

GRANT FUNDING

- ▶ **Do not have a dedicated historic cemetery grant fund**
- ▶ Historic Preservation Fund subgrants –
 - ▶ Preservation Planning examples
 - ▶ Charleston County Parks Cemetery Preservation Management Plan/McLeod Cemetery Survey
 - ▶ Laurelwood Cemetery Preservation Master Plan, Rock Hill
 - ▶ Darlington Memorial Cemetery Master Plan
 - ▶ Cayce African American Cemeteries Survey
 - ▶ Structural repairs (not headstones, monuments or markers)
 - ▶ Magnolia Cemetery Receiving Tomb Stabilization
 - ▶ Baynard Mausoleum Preservation Planning

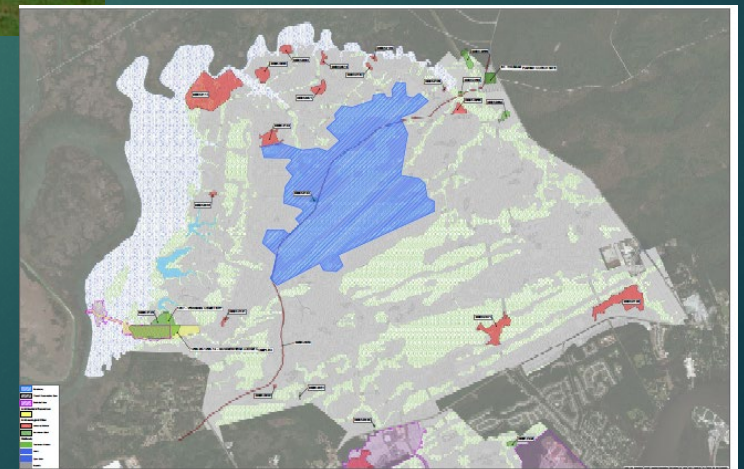


Top: Laurelwood Cemetery
Middle: Darlington Memorial Cemetery
Bottom: Magnolia Cemetery Receiving Tomb

PROJECT REVIEWS:

SECTION 106, DES-BCM, DES-MINING

- ▶ Historic research on property tracts
- ▶ Surveys for historic properties may identify unknown cemetery
- ▶ Regardless of whether cemetery is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, SHPO reminds agencies and applicants of the state laws protecting cemeteries and burials
- ▶ Include a “late discovery” clause, what to do if burials are encountered
- ▶ Cemeteries: avoid, mark on plans, fencing or buffering
- ▶ May recommend monitoring, covenant/easement, treatment plan



South Carolina Historic Properties Record



Search

About

Search Statewide Survey

Search National Register



BACK

SITE NAME DUE WEST ARP CHURCH LOCATION East Main St. (SC 184) at Church
St. (SR 147), Due West
SITE NUMBER _____ COUNTY Abbeville



VIEW _____
RECORDED BY J. Blythe
DATE 8/14/80

Due West ARP Church



➔ SHARE

Due West ARP Church

HISTORIC PROPERTY

STREET ADDRESS:

East Main Street (SC 184) at Church Street (SR 147), Due West, SC (Abbeville County)

DATE SURVEYED:

August 14 1980

CATEGORY:

Building

CONSTRUCTION DATE:

1925

HISTORIC USE:

Religion

CURRENT USE:

Religion

HISTORIC CORE SHAPE:

T

NUMBER OF STORIES:

2

EXTERIOR WALLS MATERIALS:

Brick

ROOF SHAPE:

Gable

SIGNIFICANT ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES:

2-story brick building with gable roof; T-plan; pedimented gable w/dentil course; 2-story pedimented portico features dentil course; cartouche w/swags; supported by 4 granite

<http://schpr.sc.gov/>



South Carolina Historic Properties Record

[About](#)[Search Statewide Survey](#)[Search N](#)NPS Form 10-900
(Rev. 8/2002)OMB No. 1024-0018
(Expires 1-31-2009)United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**National Register of Historic Places
Registration Form**

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "X" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer to complete all items.

1. Name of Propertyhistoric name Lindsay Cemetery
other names/site number Lindsay Burying Ground**2. Location**street & number Lindsay Cemetery Road not for publication
city or town Due West vicinity X
state South Carolina code SC county Abbeville code 001 zip code 29539**3. State/Federal Agency Certification**

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets the National Register Criteria.

I recommend that this property be considered significant nationally statewide X locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of certifying official _____ Date _____

Elizabeth M. Johnson, Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer, S.C. Dept. of Archives and History, Columbia, S.C.
State or Federal agency and bureauIn my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of commenting or other official _____ Date _____

State or Federal agency and bureau _____

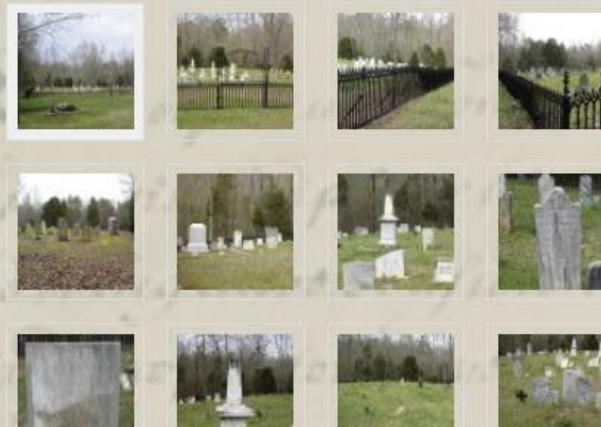
4. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby certify that this property is:

Signature of the Keeper _____

Date of Action _____

 entered in the National Register
 See continuation sheet.
 determined eligible for the
 National Register
 See continuation sheet.
 determined not eligible for the
 National Register
 removed from the National Register
 other (explain) _____



Lindsay Cemetery

NATIONAL REGISTER LISTING**STREET ADDRESS:**

Lindsay Cemetery Road, Vicinity of Due West, SC (Abbeville County)

ALTERNATE NAME:

Lindsay Burying Ground

[NRHP Nomination Form](#)**RECORD NUMBER:**

S10817701012

DESCRIPTION AND NARRATIVE:

Lindsay Cemetery, established ca. 1820, is significant as the first cemetery in the Due West vicinity of what was then Abbeville District, and for its association with seventeen prominent early families of Abbeville District (later Abbeville County), from the early through the late nineteenth centuries. It is also an excellent intact example of an early-nineteenth through early-twentieth century cemetery reflecting typical burial customs and gravestones of the period. Lindsay Cemetery contains approximately 107 graves with inscriptions, approximately sixty graves marked with stones or rocks, and an unknown number of unmarked graves. The marked graves are predominantly headstones and footstones, most of them marble tablets although obelisks and table-top tombs are also present. The earliest marked grave is from 1820 and the most recent marked grave is from 1927, but most graves date from 1829 to 1892. The stones are arranged for the most part by nuclear or extended family units within the cemetery boundaries, but without formal stone, brick, or iron plot enclosures. The cemetery is enclosed by an elaborate four-foot high cast iron fence featuring Gothic pointed arches,


SC ArchSite


SCIAA + SCDAH




Public View Map



Please note: SC ArchSite does not have a separate cemetery layer

**Legend**

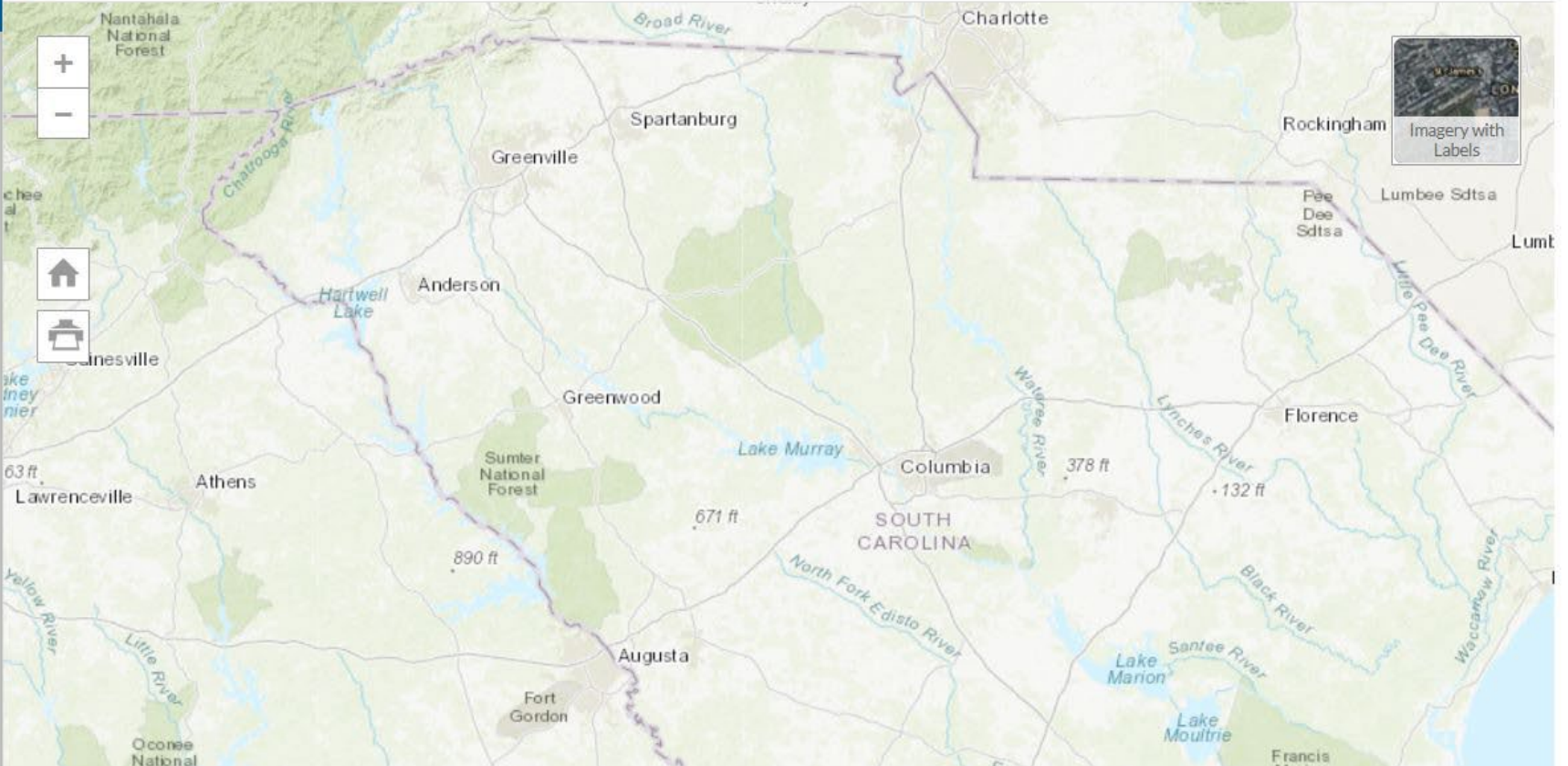
**Search**

**Layers**

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SC ArchSite Public Web Map



National Register Points



National Register Polygons



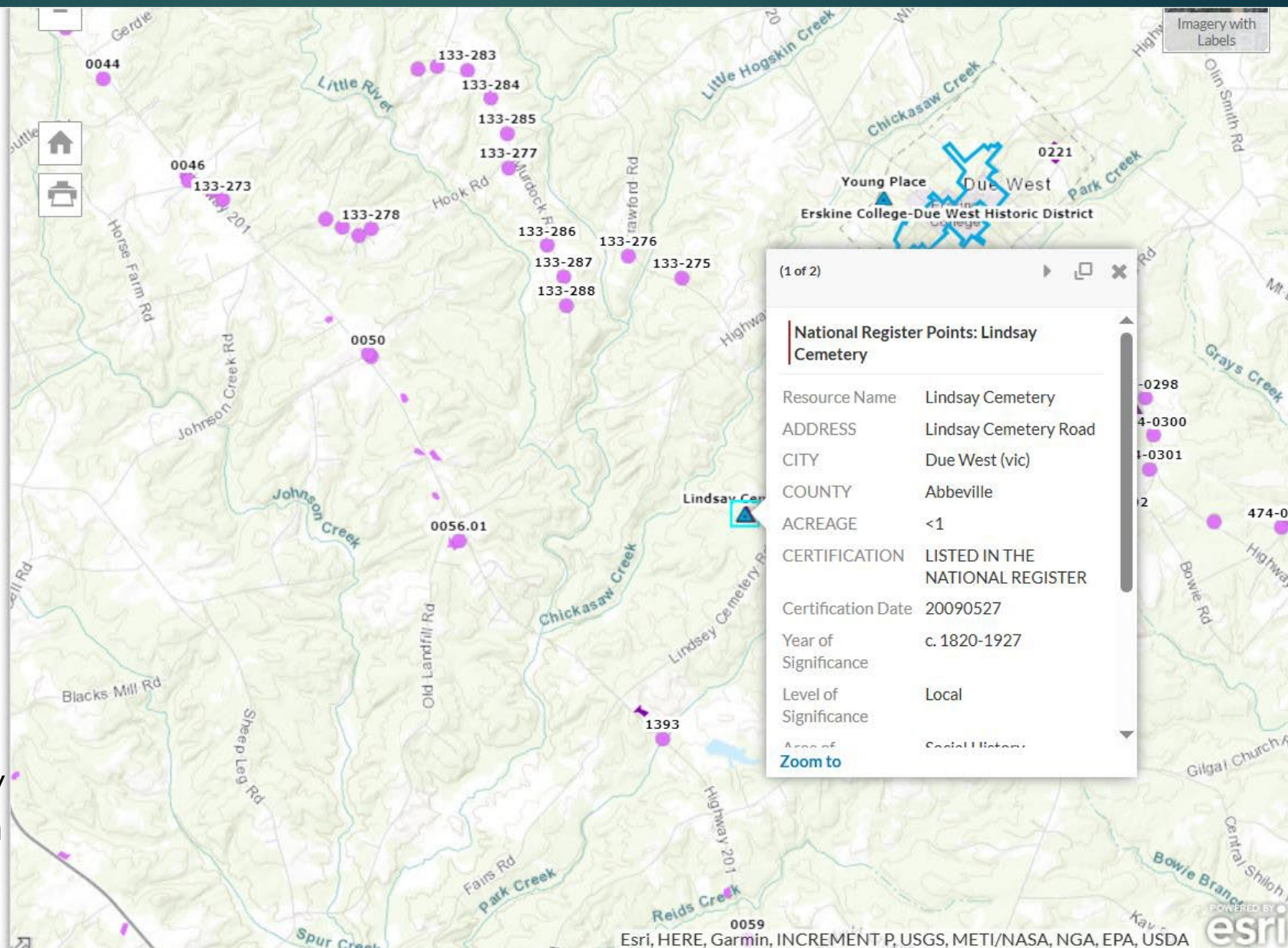
Historic Structures

- Not Eligible or Requires Evaluation
- ▲ Eligible

Historic Areas

- ▭ Not Eligible or Requires Evaluation
- ▭ Significant Resource/Requires Evaluation

ArchSite Public View
Lindsey Cemetery in
Abbeville County





Legend



National Register Points





National Register Polygons

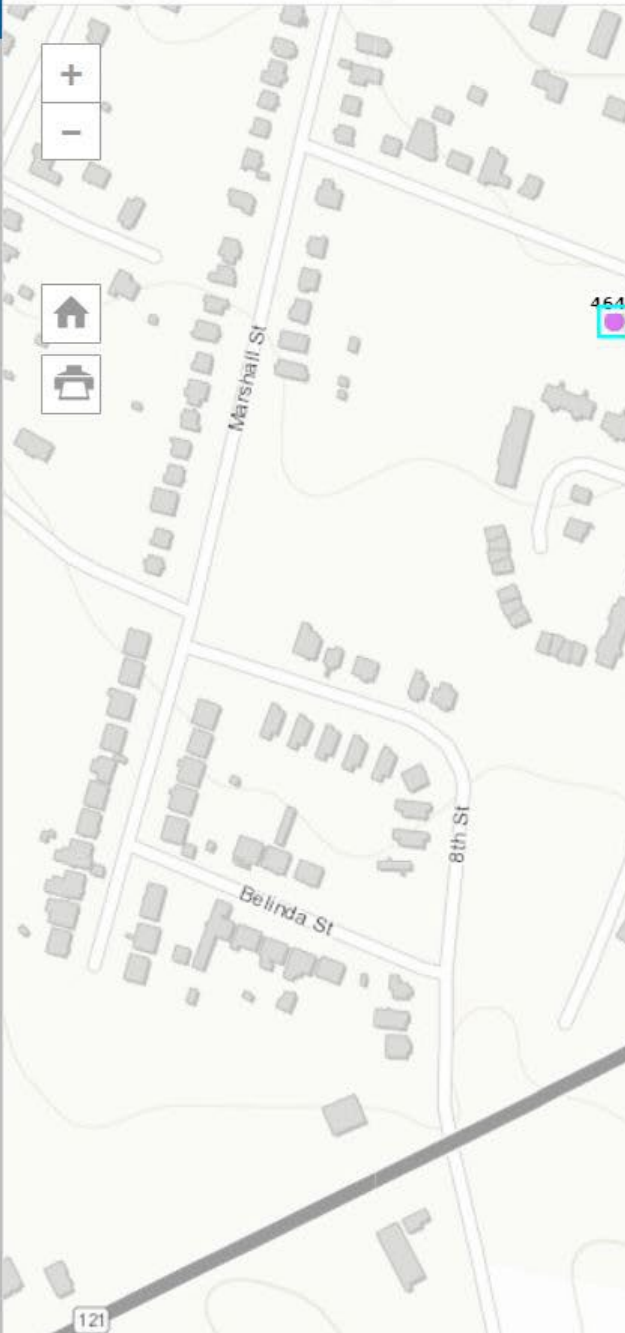




Historic Structures

-  Not Eligible or Requires Evaluation
-  Eligible

Historic Areas

-  Not Eligible or Requires Evaluation
-  Significant Resource/Requires Evaluation



Historic Structures: Lincoln Cemetery

Site Number	4647
County Code	
Resource Name	Lincoln Cemetery
NR Eligibility	Not Eligible
Date of Resource	c.1933
ADDRESS	940 Flint St Extension
CITY	Rock Hill
COUNTY	York
Report Title	Southside Rock Hill Historic Resource Survey, 2023
NOTES	

[Zoom to](#)

ArchSite Public View
Site 4647
Lincoln Cemetery recorded in
Southside Rock Hill survey



Legend

National Register Points



National Register Polygons



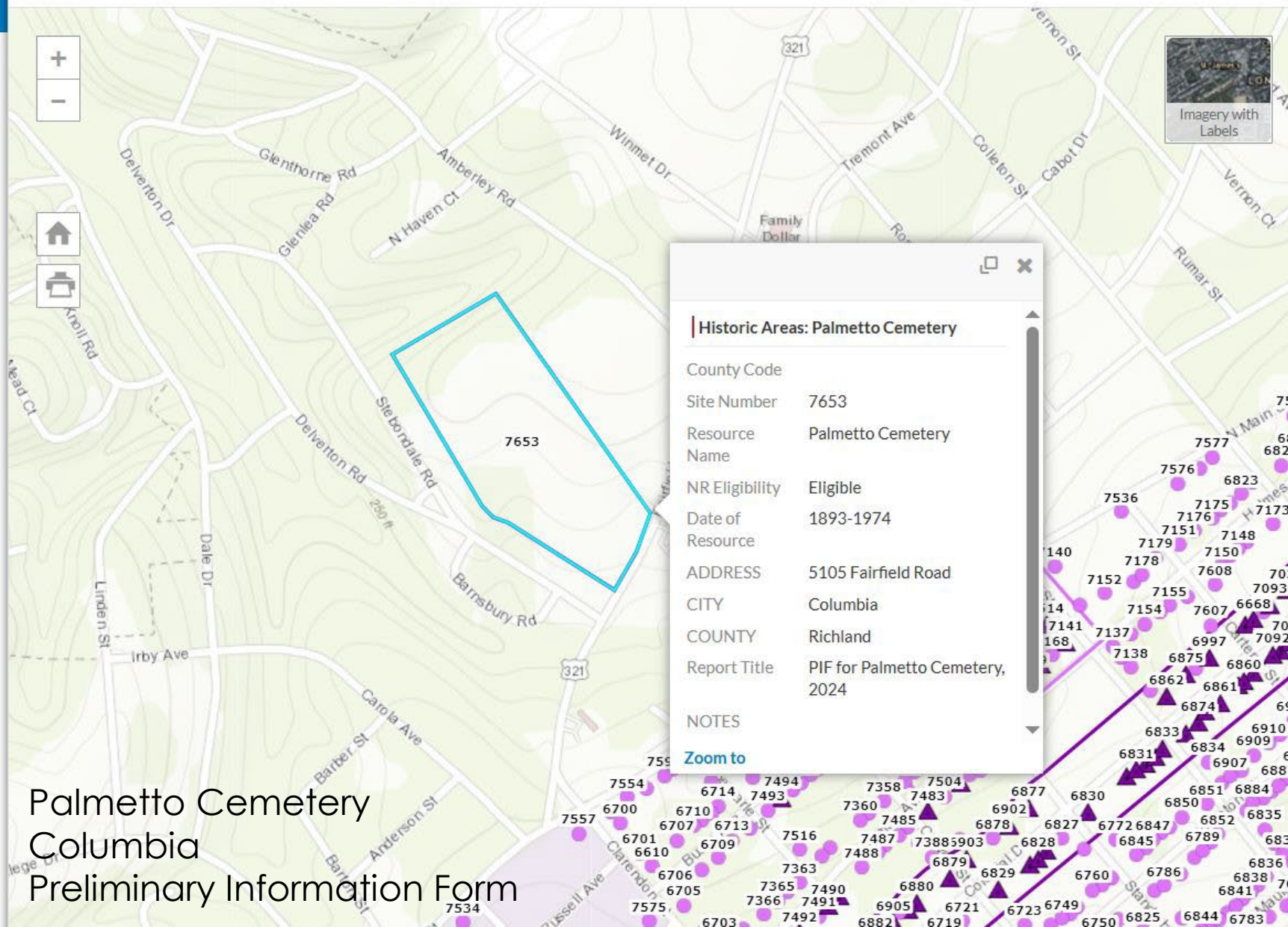
Historic Structures

- Not Eligible or Requires Evaluation
- ▲ Eligible

Historic Areas

- Not Eligible or Requires Evaluation
- ▮ Significant Resource/Requires Evaluation

SC ArchSite Public Web Map





QUESTIONS?

St. Luke's Parish Zion Chapel of Ease
Cemetery, Hilton Head Island