ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY REVITALIZATION THROUGH THE PRESERVATION OF AFRICAN AMERICAN HERITAGE

ELLEN ZISHOLTZ
CENTER FOR CREATIVE PARTNERSHIPS
ALL STAR BOWLING/ JUSTICE CENTER

TERESA PROBER
THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

ROBERT JENKINS RENAISSANCE EQUITY PARTNERS

Mission Statement for Center for Creative Partnerships

An educational organization of conscience and social justice that promotes community involvement through the arts, sciences and humanities, including civil and human rights.

Contact Information:

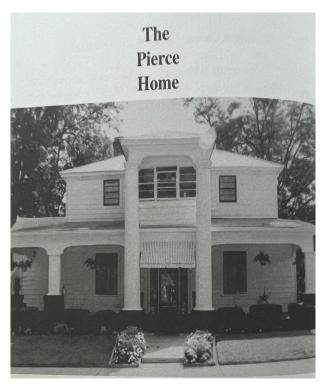
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ORANGEBURG, SC Russell Street 1933



Treadwell Street: Once the home for the black community





LIST OF PROFESSIONS

ON TREADWELL STREET

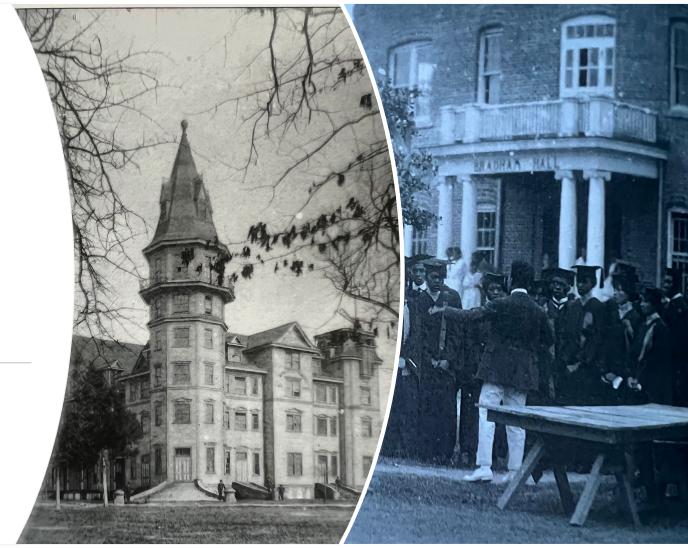
CUPATION	NO.	OCCUPATION	NO.
Teachers	83	Army Officers	2
Entrepreneurs	13	Architects	1
Medical Doctors	14	Artists	1
Chemists	3	Cinematographers	1
Musicians	8	U. S. Congressmen	1
Dentists	2	Pharmacists	1
Lawyers	2	Secretaries	1
Clergymen	2	Librarians	1
Policemen	2	Morticians	1
Judges	2	Housewives	1
Social Workers	1	Total	143

Founding of Claflin in 1869
by Rev. Alonzo Webster
major landowner on Treadwell Street
(with T. Willard Lewis)
Transferred from Charleston to Orangeburg
1st historically black College in SC

Claflin Fisk Building 1894



In 1896, South Carolina State College became the only public, historically black college in SC



Today in Orangeburg, South Carolina

- *Russell Street remains the main street in Downtown Orangeburg
- *The majority of the buildings have not been renovated and can be preserved
- *A new City Hall is being constructed on Russell St.
- *A new County Courthouse is being constructed on Russell Street
- *A new County Library/Conference Center opened in 2022

- *Orangeburg is now 75% African American
- *The two HBCUs are central to redevelopment
- *Orangeburg was significant in the Civil Rights Movement
- *Orangeburg is strategically located between Columbia and Charleston
- *ALL STAR BOWLING IS A CATALYST AND CENTRAL TO CITY REVITALIZATION

ORANGEBURG IS BEING RECOGNIZED NATIONALLY:

THE FIRST DEMOCRATIC DEBATE WHICH RESULTED IN THE ELECTION OF OBAMA WAS HELD AT SC STATE UNIVERSITY

SENATOR MC CAIN SPENT A DAY ON HIS PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN AT THE IP STANBACK MUSEUM AND PLANETARIUM, SC STATE UNIVERSITY

BIDEN'S SUCCESSFUL CAMPAIGN BEGAN IN ORANGEBURG WITH THE SUPPORT OF CONGRESSMAN CLYBURN

IN 2003, TRANSPORTATION SECRETARY PETE BUTTIGIEG AND CONGRESSMAN JAMES CLYBURN ANNOUNCED A GRANT OF 2.7 MILLION DOLLARS FROM PRESIDENT BIDEN'S INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM.

Students have always been leaders in social justice changes and must be included in community development and historic preservation for long lasting success

Civil Rights protests in Orangeburg from the 1950's to 1968

1955 Integration of Public Schools 1956 SC State Student Boycott





1960-Claflin & SC State - Equal Legal Protection Arrests for Segregation Protest



The Civil Rights Act of 1964 ended segregation in public places and banned employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin.

BUT....

The Orangeburg Massacre took place in February 1968

The Orangeburg Massacre 1968

By February 1968 most of the public space in Orangeburg were integrated as a result of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, except the Hospital and the bowling lanes. All Star Bowling became a focal point for students of South Carolina State and Claflin, two Historically Black Colleges (HBCUs) within walking distance of the bowling alley. The students were motivated by their desire for justice and the historic love of bowling in the African American community.

By February 8th, after 2 attempts to enter the bowling lanes met with police violence, SC State was on lockdown. Patrolmen, members of the National Guard, City Police and Agents from the SC Law Enforcement Division (SLED) surrounded the campus. 28 students were wounded.

Two SC State students, Samuel Hammond and Henry Smith and one high school student, Delano Middleton died from these gunshots. Although predating the 1970 student shootings at Kent State and Jackson State, the Orangeburg Massacre remains unknown to much of the nation.

Bowling has been important to the Black community since at least the 1930's with

the organization of TNBA -The Negro (now National) Bowling Association -

now a partner with All Star Bowling and crediting extension of social justice in bowling to the Orangeburg Massacre.

Do you know where bowling originated?

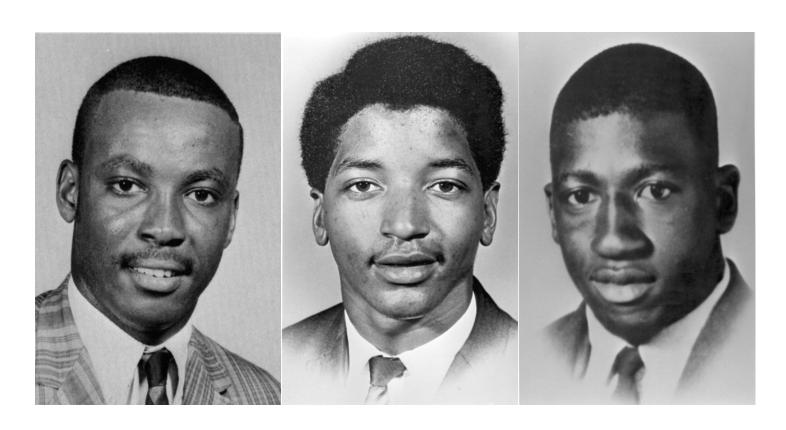


The Orangeburg Massacre

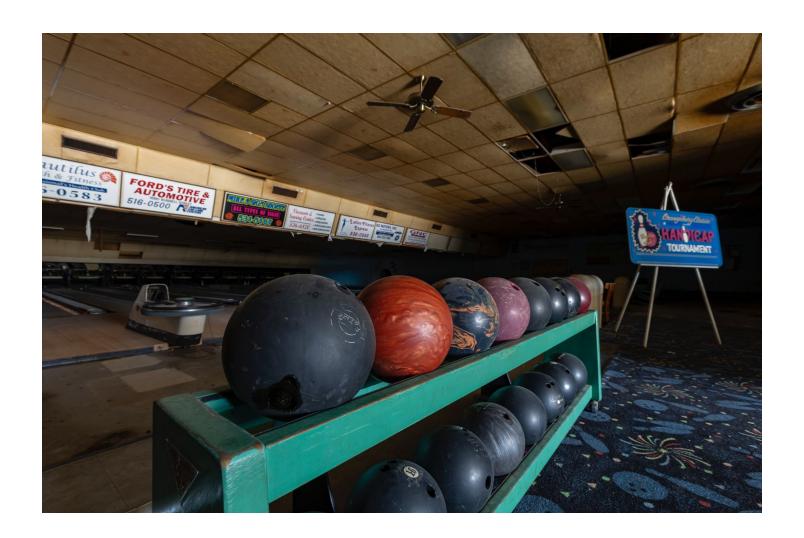


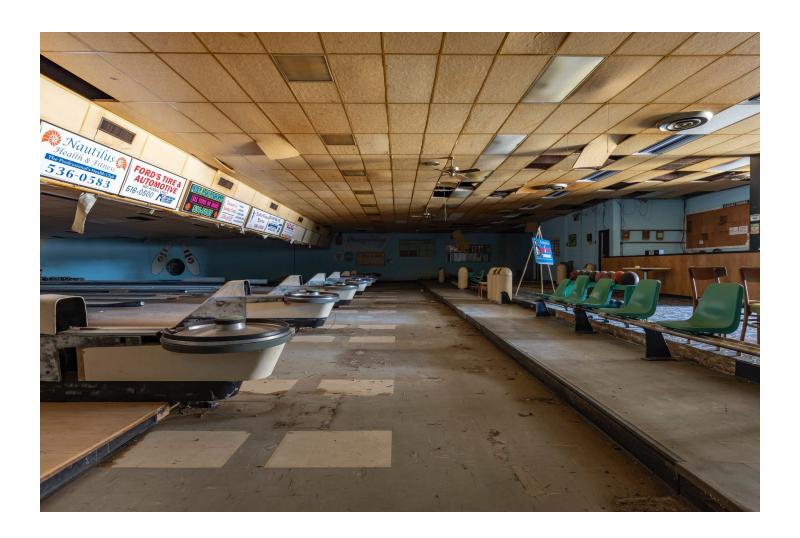
All Star Bowling Lanes Orangeburg, South Carolina, 1995, image by Steven A. Davis, courtesy of the National Register of Historic Places program at the S.C. Department of Archives and History.

Samuel Hammond Henry Smith Delano Middleton













All Star Bowling/Justice Center will honor the victims of one of the most violent episodes in the civil rights movement, while creating a center for entertainment, bowling, education and reconciliation.

Preservation of all star bowling lanes made possible by African American Civil Rights Grants so far in the amount of \$1,250,000 from the Historic Preservation Fund administered by the National Park Service, Department of the Interior

African American Civil Rights Network
"fostering the spirit of social justice
and national reconciliation"



ARTIST VILLAGE

Center for Creative Partnerships also owns an empty space next to All Star Bowling Alley which will become and Art and Cultural Center with affordable artist housing and will include work and exhibition spaces and feature a gallery/museum

Railroad Corner

Redevelopment of Black Business District owned by City of Orangeburg across from South Carolina State and Claflin Universities

To include:

Affordable Student Housing, Market Housing, Restaurants, Commercial Space, Green Space And Civil Rights Museum

Robert Jenkins and Ellen Zisholtz are on the Railroad Corner Redevelopment Team

The City of Orangeburg purchased Railroad Corner, the original black business district across the tracks from South Carolina State and Claflin Universities.

A 22.7 million dollar grant from a Federal Infrastructure program will be used to built a pedestrian bridge from the Universities to Railroad Corner, the gateway downtown, providing the way for a Civil Rights Trail marched by the students from the universities in protest of the "whites only" policy of All Star Bowling Lanes.

College Soda Shop Railroad Corner -1941-1960

Riverside Soda Shop - 1945





RENAISSANCE EQUITY PARTNERS

Robert Jenkins, President/CEO

Renaissance Equity Partners (REP) is an economic development advisory and fund management firm with a focus on emerging domestic communities. We offer a comprehensive suite of quality economic development finance advisory services to ensure the success of important economic development projects and initiatives.

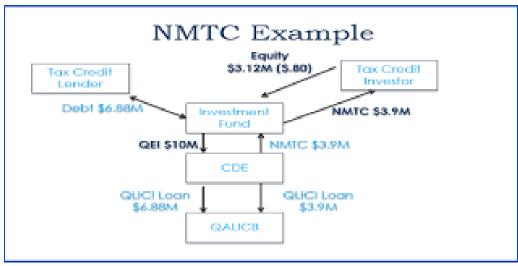
We have the unique and specialized expertise required to evolve community revitalization proposals from exciting aspirations into successful real estate projects that create jobs, strengthen neighborhoods, serve customers and tenants and generate cash flow. Our team has accessed the NMTC program to help finance over \$ 2.0 billion of important community economic development projects across the country.

Community Development Finance Tools



Federal New Markets Tax Credits





Federal Historic Preservation Tax Credits





CDFIs PROVIDE OPPORTUNITY. FOR ALL.

Community development financial inclinations (COFIs) are private financial institutions that are 100% dedicated to delivering responsible, affordable lending to help distincted pogete and communities join the occurrence majoriteam.

COFIS TARGET UNDERSERVED POPULATIONS



















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COFIS ARE PERFORMANCE ORIENTED



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OPPORTUNITYFINANCE T

S.C. Abandoned Buildings Tax Credits



STATE DESCUTE CAROLAGA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

100th Dunler Printe Blvti, Columbia, South Carelina 20210.
F.O. Fox 3236S, Columbia, South Earnine 39231.

SC REVIEWUE RUILING #15-7.

RETERCY: Absoluted Highling Revisionation Could

(Second and Property Tuste)

EFFECTINE DATE: Robabilitation, reservation, and tedevelopment of abundance

buildings began in tan seam beginning after 2012, encept as

atherwise priorities.

Natur. A Photoco of Immun may not be amended one Phrs 2 of this pdr-inory opinions. However, for a tarqueer who has filed a Medica of linear with the Department and has not pulled pullifying haliding size in service, the Department will allow surrelations of

the Notice of Intest until Chitcher LS, 2013.

REPEAL DATE: December 31, 2019

SEPERSEDES: All previous documents and all and directives in conflict horselds.

REPERENCIES: Chapter #7 of Title 12 (Supp. 2014).

SEE AS No. 68

AUTHORITY: S.C. Crafe Am. Section 124-328 (2014)

SC Revenue Propolect 198-3.

SCOPE. The purpose of a Revenue Rading is to provide guidance to the

public. It is an activisory opinion insucol to apply principles of taxlaw to a set of facts or a general conspery of tempore. It is the Department's position until supercodul or modified by a change in naurie, regulation, avant identation, in another Department advisory

aphilian.

GENERAL OVERVIEW OF ACT

The Absoluted Embling Revisiteation Act of 2017 (Act) was reacted in Tale 12, Chapter 6T in peaks an incentive for the rehabilitation, emissation, and enhancingment of abundance buildings boated in South Carolina.

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National Park Service State, Tribal, Local, Plans & Grants

Teresa Prober
Technical Reviewer/Architectural Historian
go.nps.gov/grants







National Park Service Historic Preservation Fund



Historic Preservation Fund (HPF) Non-competitive grant programs

- Think annual BLOCK grant!
- HPF Grants to fund State Historic Preservation Offices
 - Annual grants awarded to 50 states, the District of Columbia, and 8 Territories
 - 10% of funding directed to Certified Local Governments
- HPF Grants to fund Tribal Historic Preservation Offices
 - Annual grants awarded to over 217 Tribes

Historic Preservation Fund (HPF) Competitive Grant Programs



- African American Civil Rights (AACR)
- Historic Black Colleges and Universities (HBCU)
- History of Equal Rights (HER)
- Paul Bruhn Historic Revitalization Grants (PBruhn)
- Save America's Treasures (SAT)
- Semiquincentennial
- Tribal Heritage Grants (THG)
- Underrepresented Communities (URC)

Grant Requirements

- National Register listing, at least eligibility
 - Defines the period of significance, informs the work, identifies character defining features
- Work must meet the Secretary of Interior Standards
- Compliance with Section 106, 110, NEPA
- Project sign and press release
- Semiannual interim reporting plus a final report
- Easement
 - Duration is based on the grant award amount
 - \$250,000 grant = 10 years
 - Protects the improved property

Competitive Grant Selection Criteria

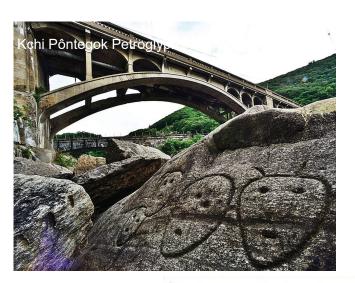
- Significance: why this historic resource is significant and meets the criteria of this grant program?
- Need / Urgency / Threat: why do you need these funds at this time?
- Feasibility: how you are going to manage the project?
 - Grant management (finances, consultants, administrative support, timeline)
 - Professionals / consultants involved and their qualifications
 - Non-construction tasks (research, scope of work, planning)
 - Construction tasks (abatement, repair or replace damaged materials, systems, ADA)
 - Budget matches the scope of work, is realistic, ask for what you need
- Sustainability: long term funding and use, how will you protect it, long-term maintenance, acceptance of easement

Thinking about applying?

- Start Early, Start Early! Register for the systems EARLY, SAM.gov especially.
- 2. Is your project eligible? Do you need to partner? Logical next step?
- 3. Are you using the current application form? Oops!
- 4. 2+2=5? Check math, proofread, review don't be the only eyes!
- 5. Careful with estimates those that write them for you might not be able to bid!
- 6. Less is more but don't assume knowledge, tell the story.
- 7. Beware pretty photos but bad demonstration!
- 8. Deadlines they're not just suggestions, they are real!
- 9. Not funded? Get your comments and try again.
- 10. Good grantees often get funded again, and again....!

Youtube help: HHPreservelt NPS

Underrepresented Communities (URC)





- Funds surveys of historic properties associated with underrepresented communities, as well as nominations to the National Register for specific sites
- No match required
 - FY2023 \$1.25 million
- Grants range from \$15,000 -75,000
- FY2023 will announce by January
- FY2024 dependent on Congress, anticipated Spring 2024
- SHPOs, THPOs, CLGs, and Nonprofits may apply

African American Civil Rights

- Grants to document, interpret, and preserve sites and stories related to the African American Civil Rights movement from the transatlantic slave trade forward
- Projects types include preservation, and history (to include collections)
- Eligible applicants include States, Tribes, local governments, and non-profit organizations
- Eligible sites include National Register listed and eligible sites associated with the struggle for civil rights
- FY2023 \$24 million



go.nps.gov/civilrightsgrant

History of Equal Rights (HER)

- Grants to preserve sites related to all Americans struggle for equal rights
- No match required
- Preservation Projects
 - FY2023 \$5 million
- Preservation projects range from \$75,000 - \$750,000, prepreservation \$15,000 - \$75,000
- FY2023 will announce by February 2024
- FY2024 dependent on Congress, anticipated Winter 2024

- Eligible applicants include States, Tribes, local governments, and nonprofit organizations
- Eligible sites include National Register listed and eligible sites associated with the struggle for civil rights



go.nps.gov/HER

Historically Black Colleges & Universities (HBCU)

- Grants to assist HBCUs preserving National Register listed and eligible buildings on their campuses
- Also preservation plans and National Register nominations (individual and districts)
- Over \$40 million awarded through 2006 and since re-funded:
 - FY2023 \$11 million
- No match required
- Preservation projects range from \$75,000 \$750,000
- Applications for pre-preservation work range from \$15,000 - \$75,000



go.nps.gov/HBCU

Tribal Heritage

- Since 1990 more than \$17 million awarded to over 460 Indian, Alaskan Native, and Native Hawaiian communities
- Protect and promote unique cultural heritage and traditions
- Funds: oral histories, survey and inventory, education, interpretation, and preservation
- No match required
- Grants range up to \$50-75,000



go.nps.gov/tribalheritage

Save America's Treasures

- For the preservation and conservation of nationally significant properties and collections
- Managed in partnership with NPS, NEA, NEH, and IMLS
- Projects funded in all 50 states, DC, and the territories
- A building or collection can only be funded once by SAT
- National significance by listing (NHL, National Register) for buildings, description for collections
- 1:1 nonfederal match required



go.nps.gov/sat



Save America's Treasures

- Eligible applicants include states, tribes, local governments, and non-profits.
- Since re-funded:
 - FY2023 \$26.5 million
- Collections Minimum of \$25,000 and maximum \$750,000 Federal share
- Preservation Minimum of \$125,000 and maximum \$750,000 Federal share





go.nps.gov/sat

Semiquincentennial Grants

- "Restore and Preserve sites and structures listed in the National Register of Historic Places that commemorate the founding of the nation."
- Eligible applicants include states, tribes, local governments, and non-profits
- Preference for state owned properties
- Sites prior to December 31, 1800 (first contested election in US)
- Broad start date, pre-contact forward
- No match required
 - FY2023 \$10 million



go.nps.gov/semiquin

Paul Bruhn Historic Revitalization Grants

- Funds PROGRAMS that make subgrants for preservation of NRHP listed and eligible sites in rural communities to encourage economic development
- Awarded as block grants to subgrant in rural areas
 - FY2023 \$12.5 million
- Eligible Applicants: SHPOs, THPOs, Nonprofits, CLGs, Development Districts.
- Grants range from \$200,000 \$750,000
- No match required
- Funds must be spent in rural areas fewer than 50,000 as defined by the Census

go.nps.gov/revitalization





Economic Impact of HPF

FYI 2023 \$204.5 million-amount appropriated for the HPF for Historic Preservation

State Historic Preservation Offices
Tribal Historic Preservation Offices
Certified Local Governments
HPF Competitive Grants



Anderson SC



BAILEY BILL IMPACTS

THE BAILEY BILL IS AN IMPORTANT INCENTIVE THAT CREATES JOBS, INCOME, AND TAX RETURNS FOR COLUMBIA.



PROJECTS

102.6 LOCAL JOBS EACH YEAR \$5.2 MILLION LABOR INCOME EACH YEAR FOR EVERY OF INVESTMENT REQUIRED THROUGH THE BAILEY BILL, AN ADDITIONAL WAS SPENT SIN QUALIFIYING REHABILITATION.

HERITAGE TOURISM

HERITAGE TOURISTS SPEND MORE, ARE MORE LIKELY TO STAY OVERNIGHT, AND ARE MORE LIKELY TO SPEND MORE DAYS IN COLUMBIA THAN NON-HERITAGE TOURISTS.

39%

OF OVERNIGHT VISITORS TO COLUMBIA ARE HERITAGE VISITORS

\$265
MILLION
LABOR INCOME

EACH YEAR

7,000

LOCAL JOBS FROM HERITAGE TOURIST EXPENDITURES

\$37
MILLION
DIRECT STATE AND

LOCAL TAXES

Expenditures Per Visitor



Travelers Travelers

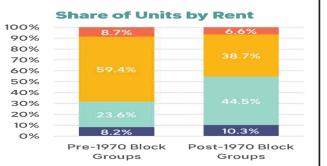
OLDER HOUSING AND AFFORDABILITY

COLUMBIA'S OLDER NEIGHBORHOODS ARE PROVIDING HOUSING AT LOWER COSTS, PARTICULARLY TO RENTER HOUSEHOLDS.

30% CITYWIDE CHANGE IN MEDIAN GROSS RENT

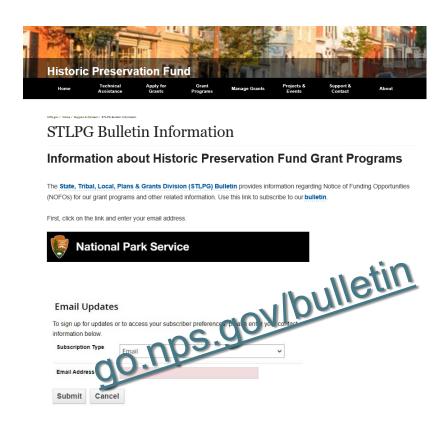
19%
CITYWIDE
CHANGE IN
MEDIAN RENTER
INCOME

Overall, renters in Columbia are significantly rentburdened; over 50% of renters spend more than 30% of their household income on housing. However, rents in older neighborhoods are more affordable. Sixty-eight percent of rental units in neighborhoods with higher concentrations of older housing are accessible to households with incomes below 80% AMI.



STLPG Bulletins - want to know more?





State, Tribal, Local, Plans & Grants Division National Park Service

cjo.nps.gjov/cjrants 202-354-2020 | **STLPG@nps.gov**

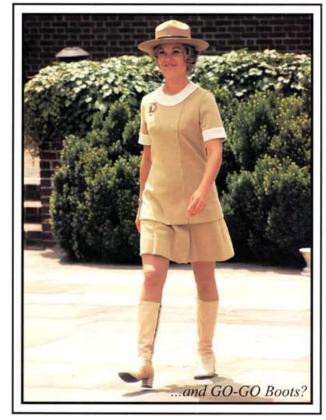
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Washington, DC

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Questions?

